Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II (last amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

VMA 055/A119

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic
Registration number (ECHA): --
Index: 649-467-00-8
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.: 265-157-1
CAS: 64742-54-7

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:
Lubricant

Uses advised against:
No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Busch Produktions GmbH
Schauinslandstraße 1
79689 Maulburg
Tel.: +49 (0)7622 681-0

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information services / official advisory body:

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:
+1 872 5888271 (BPC)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
Not applicable

2.2 Label elements

Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
Not applicable

2.3 Other hazards

No vPvB substance
No PBT substance
No substance with endocrine disrupting properties.

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II (last amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878)
Revision date / version: 14.07.2026 / 0005
Replacing version dated / version: 24.06.2025 / 0004
Valid from: 14.07.2026
PDF print date: 23.07.2026
VMA 055/A119

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	649-467-00-8
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	265-157-1
CAS	64742-54-7
content %	
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	---

3.2 Mixtures

n.a.

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.
The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!
For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.
The addition of the highest concentrations listed here can result in a classification. Only when this classification is listed in Section 2 does it apply. In all other cases the total concentration is below the classification.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

First-aiders should ensure they are protected!
Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

Inhalation

Remove person from danger area.
Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

Skin contact

Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.
Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

Ingestion

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.
Do not induce vomiting. Consult doctor immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.
In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.
Drying of the skin.
Dermatitis (skin inflammation)

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptomatic treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water jet spray/foam/CO2/dry extinguisher

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:

Oxides of carbon
Toxic gases

5.3 Advice for firefighters

For personal protective equipment see Section 8.
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
Protective respirator with independent air supply.
According to size of fire
Full protection, if necessary.
Cool container at risk with water.
Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

In case of spillage or accidental release, wear personal protective equipment as specified in section 8 to prevent contamination.
Ensure sufficient ventilation, remove sources of ignition.
Avoid dust formation with solid or powder products.
Leave the danger zone if possible, use existing emergency plans if necessary.
Avoid formation of oil mist.
Avoid contact with eyes or skin.
If applicable, caution - risk of slipping.

6.1.2 For emergency responders

See section 8 for suitable protective equipment and material specifications.

6.2 Environmental precautions

If leakage occurs, dam up.
Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.
Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.
Prevent from entering drainage system.
If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth) and dispose of according to Section 13.
Fill the absorbed material into lockable containers.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Avoid long lasting or intensive contact with skin.
Do not carry cleaning cloths soaked in product in trouser pockets.
Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.
Observe directions on label and instructions for use.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store product closed and only in original packing.
Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.
Protect from direct sunlight and warming.
Store in a well-ventilated place.
Store in a dry place.

7.3 Specific end use(s)
No information available at present.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

GB Chemical Name	Oil mist, mineral	
WEL-TWA: 5 mg/m3 (Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids, ACGIH)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Oil Mist 1/a (67 33 031)	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic						
Area of application	**Exposure route / Environmental compartment**	**Effect on health**	**Descriptor**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Note**
	Environment - oral (animal feed)		PNEC	9,33	mg/kg feed	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	1,2	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,74	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	2,73	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,97	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	5,6	mg/m3	

GB - United Kingdom | WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit - 8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)).
(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/CE, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/CE, 2017/164/EU). (11) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (2004/37/CE). |
| WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit - 15-minute reference period (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)).
(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). |
| BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)).
(EU) = Directive 98/24/EC or 2004/37/EC or SCOEL (Biological Limit Value - BLV, Recommendation from the Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL)) |
| Other information (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)): Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.
(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU, 2019/1831/EU or 2024/869/EU:
(13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (98/24/EC, 2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (2004/37/CE), (15) = Substantial contribution to the total body burden via dermal exposure possible. |

8.2 Exposure controls
8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.
If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.
Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.

Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.
These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.
EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:
Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN ISO 16321-1).

Skin protection - Hand protection:
Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN ISO 374).
If applicable
Protective nitrile gloves (EN ISO 374).
Protective gloves made of polyvinyl alcohol (EN ISO 374).
Protective Viton® / fluoroelastomer gloves (EN ISO 374).
Minimum layer thickness in mm:
0,5
Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:
>= 240
The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 16523-1 were not obtained under practical conditions.
The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.
Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:
Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:
Normally not necessary.
With oil mist formation:
Filter A P2 (EN 14387), code colour brown, white
Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:
Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.
In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.
Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.
Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.
Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.
In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.
The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	Light yellow, Clear
Odour:	Characteristic
Melting point/freezing point:	<-10 °C (Pourpoint)
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	112 °C

Flammability:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Lower explosion limit:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Upper explosion limit:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Flash point:	213 °C (ASTM D 93 (Pensky-Martens, closed cup))
Auto-ignition temperature:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Decomposition temperature:	There is no information available on this parameter.
pH:	Substance is non-soluble (in water).
Kinematic viscosity:	8,1 mm2/s (100°C)
Kinematic viscosity:	55 mm2/s (40°C)
Solubility:	Insoluble
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	There is no information available on this parameter.
Vapour pressure:	<0,01 hPa (25°C)
Density and/or relative density:	0,87 g/ml (25°C, relative density)
Relative vapour density:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Particle characteristics:	Does not apply to liquids.

9.2 Other information
No information available at present.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
The product has not been tested.
10.2 Chemical stability
Stable with proper storage and handling.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
No dangerous reactions are known.
10.4 Conditions to avoid
None known
10.5 Incompatible materials
Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No decomposition when used as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>5,53	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Aerosol, Analogous conclusion
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant, Analogous conclusion
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant, Analogous conclusion
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact), Analogous conclusion

Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mammalian	OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion Chinese hamster
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion
Carcinogenicity:				Mouse	OECD 451 (Carcinogenicity Studies)	Negative, Analogous conclusion 78 weeks, dermal
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	>=1000	mg/kg bw/d	Rat	OECD 421 (Reproduction/Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion oral
Reproductive toxicity (Developmental toxicity):	NOAEL	> 5000	mg/kg bw/d	Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Negative, Analogous conclusion oral
Reproductive toxicity (Developmental toxicity):	NOAEL	30	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Negative, Analogous conclusion dermal
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	LOAEL	125	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	Analogous conclusion
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), dermal:	NOAEL	30	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity - 90-day Study)	Analogous conclusion
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), dermal:	NOAEL	1000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 410 (Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity - 90-Day)	Analogous conclusion
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEL	150	mg/m3	Rat		Analogous conclusion 13 weeks
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEL	220	mg/m3	Rat	OECD 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity - 28-Day Study)	Analogous conclusion 4 weeks
Aspiration hazard:						No
Symptoms:						drying of the skin., respiratory distress, coughing, fever

11.2. Information on other hazards

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Endocrine disrupting properties:						Negative
Other information:						No other relevant information available on adverse effects on health.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOEC/NOEL	14d	>=1000	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	QSAR	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LL50	96h	>100	mg/l	Pimephales promelas	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	10	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>10000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	72h	>=100	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	31	%	activated sludge	OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)	Not readily biodegradable, Analogous conclusion
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							Not to be expected
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties:							Negative
12.7. Other adverse effects:							n.d.a.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Soaked polluted cloths, paper or other organic materials represent a fire hazard and should be controlled, collected and disposed of.

For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:
The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.
Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be

allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)
13 02 05 mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils
Recommendation:
Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.
Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
E.g. suitable incineration plant.
E.g. dispose at suitable refuse site.

For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
Empty container completely.
Uncontaminated packaging can be recycled.
Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General statements

Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	Not applicable
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	
Not applicable	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	Not applicable
14.4. Packing group:	Not applicable
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable
Tunnel restriction code:	Not applicable
Classification code:	Not applicable
LQ:	Not applicable
Transport category:	Not applicable

Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	Not applicable
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	
Not applicable	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	Not applicable
14.4. Packing group:	Not applicable
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable
Marine Pollutant:	Not applicable
EmS:	Not applicable

Transport by air (IATA)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	Not applicable
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	
Not applicable	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	Not applicable
14.4. Packing group:	Not applicable
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Unless specified otherwise, general measures for safe transport must be followed.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Non-dangerous material according to Transport Regulations.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:
General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): 0 %

National requirements/regulations on safety and health protection must be applied when using work equipment.

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II (last amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878)
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15.2 Chemical safety assessment
No chemical safety assessment was carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revised sections: 1, 8, 11, 12
The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents.

Key literature references and sources for data:
Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended.
Guidelines for the preparation of safety data sheets as amended (ECHA).
Guidelines on labelling and packaging according to the Regulation (EG) Nr. 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended (ECHA).
Safety data sheets for the constituent substances.
ECHA Homepage - Information about chemicals.
GESTIS Substance Database (Germany).
German Environment Agency "Rigoletto" information site on substances that are hazardous to water (Germany).
EU Occupation Exposure Limits Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, (EU) 2017/164, (EU) 2019/1831, each as amended.
National Lists of Occupational Exposure Limits for each country as amended.
Regulations on the transport of hazardous goods by road, rail, sea and air (ADR, RID, IMDG, IATA) as amended.

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

acc., acc. to according, according to
ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds
approx. approximately
Art., Art. no. Article number
ASTM ASTM International (American Society for Testing and Materials)
ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate
BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (= Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)
BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)
BCF Bioconcentration factor
BOD Biochemical Oxygen Demand
BOD5 Biochemical Oxygen Demand during 5 days
BSEF The International Bromine Council
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)
CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic
COD Chemical Oxygen Demand
DIN Deutsche Institut für Normung (= German Institute for Standardisation)
DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level
DNEL Derived No Effect Level
DOC Dissolved organic carbon
e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance
EbCx, EyCx, EbLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on reduction of the biomass (algae, plants)
EC European Community
ECHA European Chemicals Agency
ECx, ELx (x = 0, 3, 5, 10, 20, 50, 80, 100) Effect Concentration/Level for x % effect
EEC European Economic Community
EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS Emergency Schedules
EN European Norms
EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)

ErCx, EμCx, ErLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on inhibition of the growth rate (algae, plants)
etc. et cetera (= Latin expression that is used in English to mean "and all the rest")
EU European Union
EVAL Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer
Fax. Fax number
gen. general
GESTIS Gefahrstoffinformationssystem der Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (= Hazardous Substances Information System of the German Social Accident Insurance)
GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GWP Global warming potential
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA International Air Transport Association
IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)
ICx (x = 0, 5, 10, 50, 100) Inhibitory concentration for x % inhibition
IFA Institut für Arbeitsschutz der Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (= Institute for Occupational Safety and Health of the German Social Accident Insurance)
IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
incl. including, inclusive
ISO International Organization for Standardization
IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database
IUPAC International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry
Koc Adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil
Kow octanol-water partition coefficient
LC50 Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
LD50 Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)
LOEC, LOEL Lowest Observed Effect Concentration/Level
Log Koc Logarithm of adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil
Log Kow, Log Pow Logarithm of octanol-water partition coefficient
LQ Limited Quantities
MAK Maximale Arbeitsplatzkonzentrationswerte (= Maximum workplace concentration values (Germany, Suisse))
MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
Meth. Method
mg/kg bw mg/kg body weight
mg/kg bw/d, mg/kg bw/day mg/kg body weight/day
mg/kg dw mg/kg dry weight
mg/kg wwt mg/kg wet weight
Min., min. Minute or minimum
n.a. not applicable
n.av. not available
n.c. not checked
n.d.a. no data available
N.O.S., n.o.s. not otherwise specified
NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (USA)
NLP No-longer-Polymer
NOAEC, NOAEL, NOAL No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration/Level
NOEC, NOEL No Observed Effect Concentration/Level
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
org. organic
OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA)
PBT Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PE Polyethylene
PMT Persistent, mobile and toxic
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
ppb parts per billion
ppm parts per million
PVC Polyvinylchloride
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)
REACH-IT List-No. 1/6/7/8/9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.

RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
SVHC Substances of Very High Concern
Tel. Telephone
ThOD Theoretical Oxygen Demand
TOC Total organic carbon
UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
UV ultraviolet
VOC Volatile organic compounds
vPvB Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
vPvM Very persistent and very mobile

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.
No responsibility.
These statements were made by:
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