

Instruction Manual

COBRA

Screw Vacuum Pumps DS 1800 A



Get technical data, i nstruction manuals, service kits



VACUUM APP

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Preface

Congratulations on your purchase of the Busch vacuum pump. With watchful observation of the field's requirements, innovation and steady development Busch delivers modern vacuum and pressure solutions worldwide.

These operating instructions contain information for

- product description,
- safety,
- transport,
- storage,
- installation and commissioning
- maintenance,
- overhaul and
- troubleshooting

of the vacuum pump.

For the purpose of these instructions, "handling" the vacuum pump means the transport, storage, installation, commissioning, influence on operating conditions, maintenance, troubleshooting and overhaul of the vacuum pump.

Prior to handling the vacuum pump these operating instructions shall be read and understood. If anything remains to be clarified please contact your Busch representative.

Keep these operating instructions and, if applicable, other pertinent operating instructions available on site.

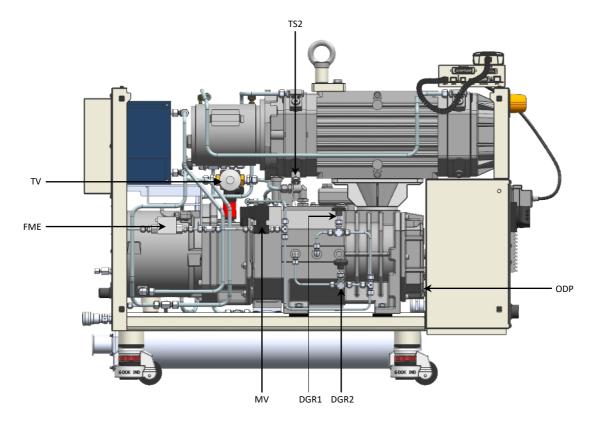
DS 1800 A Preface

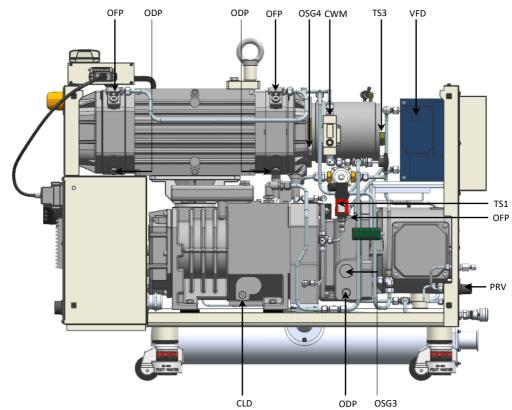




COBRADS 1800A

IN Inlet OUT Outlet OSG1 Oil sight glass OSG2 Oil sight glass PRV Regulating valve, Nitrogen CWC Cooling water connections DGC Nitrogen connections ESS Emergency stop button LB Lifting bracket PLC Busch PLC LCD Handpad PLCC PLC connection MSH Main switch EX Extracting ventilator RF Ventilator ECO Electrical connections





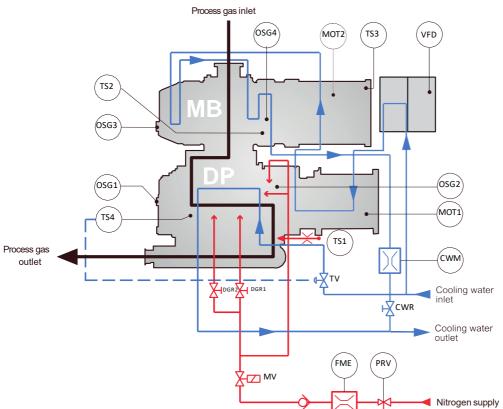
COBRADS 1800A

FME Nitrogen flow meter PRV Nitrogen pressure reducer TS1 Pressure sensor TS2 Oil temperature sensor TS3 Motor klixon (MB) OFP Oil filler plug ODP Oil drain plug OSG3 Oil sight glass

OSG4 Oil sight glass

CLD Cooling liquid drain plug
VFD Frequency inverter for MB
TV Thermostatic valve
DGR1 Regulating valve, dilution gas
DGR2 Regulating valve, dilution gas
MV Regulating with solenoid valve, dilution gas
CWM Cooling water flow meter

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FME Nitrogen flow meter, dilution gas

PRV Nitrogen pressure reducer

TS1 Pressure sensor

TS2 Oil temperature sensor (MB)

OSG1 Oil level indicator (DP)

OSG2 Oil level indicator (DP)

OSG3 Oil level indicator (MB)

OSG4 Oil level indicator (MB)

MOT1 Motor (DP)

MOT2 Motor (MB)

CWM Cooling water flow meter

TS4 Temperature sensor of the thermostatic valve

VFD Frequency inverter (DP/MB)

TV Thermostatic valve

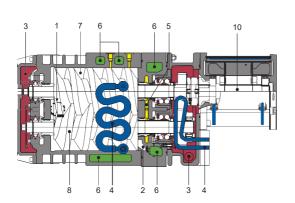
CWR Cooling water regulating valve

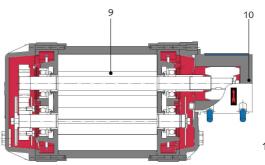
DGR1 Regulating valve, dilution gas

DGR2 Regulating valve, dilution gas

MV Regulating with solenoid valve, dilution gas

TS3 Motor klixon (MB)





- Inlet
- 2 Outlet
- 3 Oil
- 4 Cooling water
- 5 Barrier gas
- 6 Cooling liquid
- 7 Intake medium
- 8 Screw rotors
- 9 Booster lobe
- 10 Motor klixon

Product description

Use

The COBRA DS vacuum pumps are designed for use in the field of microelectronics and similar industries.

They can be used to suck gases and gas mixtures.



WARNING

When using toxic, inflammable and/or explosive gases, make sure that the system corresponds in design to applicable local and national safety regulations and that all applicable safety measures are followed.

All product-specific safety regulations must be observed.

Solid particles must not get into the vacuum pump. Procedural errors can result in the pump sucking in a certain quantity of liquid. If the pump has sucked in liquid, a short drying time is necessary at the end of the procedure.

The allowed maximum inlet gas temperature depends on the inlet pressure and the type of gas: the lower the inlet pressure (Pa), the higher the drawn gas temperature (TGas) can be.

The following indicative values for air can be considered:

- Pa > 50 mbar, TGas < 80°C
- Pa < 50 mbar, TGas < 200°C

The vacuum pump is intended for use in a potentially non-explosive environment

As far as temperature is concerned, the pump is suitable for continuous duty at any pressure between atmosphere and ultimate pressure.

The vacuum pump is tight down to ultimate pressure.

Operating principle COMBI

The COBRA DS 1800 A vacuum pumps are a combination of a screw vacuum pump NS 0150 C (DP) and a Booster vacuum pump WY 1251 B (MB). The Combi vacuum pumps are streamlined.

The COBRA DS 1800 A vacuum pumps are COBRA NS screw vacuum pumps with cooling water and nitrogen circuits.

Product description DS 1800 A

The COBRANS screw vacuum pumps are driven by water-cooled mo-

Principle of DP vacuum pumps

The COBRANS screw vacuum pumps work by the principle of spiral pumps. Two parallel screws (8) rotate in opposite directions in the pum p body. Entering gases are trapped between the flights of the screws and the pump body. The gases are conveyed by the rotation of the screws to the exhaust, where they are discharged.

Principle of MB vacuum pumps

The Booster vacuum pumps operate according to the approved principle of the Booster type machine. Operation is both simple and effective. Two lobes (9) with identical profiles rotate in opposition directions

within a casing. As they rotate, gas is drawn into the space between each lobe and the casing where it is trapped and by the rotation pushe d out into the discharge. This action is repeated twice for each revolution of each lobe and therefore four times for each revolution of the drive shaft. There is no mechanical contact between lobes and cylinder. So no oil lubrication is required.

The drive motor of Booster pump is a water cooled canned motor.

Gas flow checks

A pressure sensor TS1 at the discharge monitors the discharge pressure. If the pressure reaches more than the limit value (alarm, preset at the factory: 0.2 bar), the purge cycle starts.

Oil circuit

Since the complete operating principle works without contact, no oil circuit is needed in the work area.

Cooling

The vacuum pump is cooled by

- the filling of cooling water inside the water chambers (6) of cylinder. The flow of the cooling water is controlled by a thermostatic valve TV with a temperature sensor TS4. The adjustment of the valve varies the operating temperature between approximately 50°C (minimum) and 100°C (maximum) and must be set to suit your operating conditions.
 - We recommend to use a high valve setting to prevent resublimation in the vacuum pump.
- a direct cooling water circuit in the motors and the DP transmission casing. The flow regulating valve CWR of cooling water is preset on 2 I/min at the factory. The water cools in the DP and MB pump s motors, the two frequency inverters (VFD) and the drive/ pump transmission DP system.
- a direct cooling water circuit in the rear bearing (for exceptionnally cool running in option).

NOTE: The COBRA DS 1800 A vacuum pumps are principly dispatched with oil and cooling liquid already in the vacuum pump but, without cooling water. Before vacuum pump first startup, control the oil level and the cooling liquid level. In the event of absence of one or the other of these lubricants, please carry out the filling (please refer to the various chapters of filling). Do not forget to connect the cooling water supply before the first startup. Operation without these coolants can result in damage to the vacuum pump.

Nitrogen system

The nitrogen system can be used in a number of different ways:

nitrogen is used as dilution gas. It is injected inside the cylinder on two different places. Nitrogen flow FM Einjected in the middle hole is preset at 2 I/ min and can be adjusted with valve DGR1, depending on the application. Nitrogen flow injected in the hole on cylinder end-plate side is preset at 10 l/ min and can be adjusted with valve DGR2, depending on the application. When flow is too low a warning then an alarm signal is generated by flowmeter FME to the PLC. Status of the pump depends on the alarm function set by user (factory setting: None, pump continues running with an alarm). Dilution improves the screws functioning, especially when sucking corrosive gases.

- the nitrogen is used as sealing gas. The nitrogen is injected between the transmission and the process gas to achieve good closeness. The nitrogen flow used for the sealing is set by two chips (ϕ) . With a pressure of 1,5 bar, the flow is around 8-10 I/min.
- the nitrogen is used as purge gas. The purge eliminates traces of gases remaining in the vacuum pump. The vacuum pump purge cycle is programmed in the control and starts, either after a STOP operation or after an alarm function.

For a correct purge execution, the shut-off valve at the inlet flange must be closed. The purge cycle lasts about 30 min. (Programmable time in the basic parameters).

Optional functions/ Use of available accessories

The relief valve (SV) prevents excessively high pressure in the expansion tank (EV), relief pressure: 6 bar.

A pressure switch (optional) with normally closed contact mounted in the expansion tank monitors the pressure of the cooling liquid. It must be connected in such a way that actuation causes the vacuum pump to be switched off when the pressure exceeds a value of 3 bar.

A pressure sensor (TS1) mounted at the exhaust, controls the overpressure at the exhaust. If overpressure is above 0,3 bar, pressure sensor gives a warning then an alarm signal. Status of the pump depends on the alarm function set by user (factory setting: None, pump continues running with an alarm).

A temperature sensor PT100 (TS4) mounted on the cylinder, measures the temperature inside the cylinder (DP).

A silencer or sound absorber (accessory) at the exhaust reduces the noise of the vacuum pump and collects any condensate.

A leak-protection non-return valve (optional) at the exhaust traps the condensate in the pump when the pump is switched off.

The LCD controller processes the data of the sensors as follows:

- TS1: exhaust pressure
- TS4: temperature inside the cylinder DP
- MOT1 and MOT2: DP and MB current and speed
- FME: nitrogen flow rate, dilution
- CWM: cooling water flow rate in motors/ transmission / frequency inverters

See "Installation and Maintenance Instructions, Busch PLC and Busch LCD (No. 0870758077)".

On/ Off switch

The vacuum pump is delivered with a circuit breaker. The function start/ stop can be done in Local by using the LCD controller or in Remote by the production machine.

Versions

Further vacuum pump descriptions state the nominal displacement and the design level.

Example: DS 1800 A DS = standard version $1800 = 1800 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$ A = Design

DS 1800 A Product description Page 6

Safety

Intended use

DEFINITION: For the purpose of correct understanding, the "handling" of the vacuum pump implies the transport, storage, installation, commissioning, the influence on operating conditions, maintenance, troubleshooting and overhaul of the vacuum pump.

The vacuum pump is intended for industrial use. It should only be handled by qualified staff.

The different applications for use and operational limits of the vacuum pump as laid out in the "Product Description" and the "Installation Prerequisites" of the vacuum pump must be observed both by the manufacturer of the machinery into which the vacuum pump is to be incorporated and by the end user.

The need for personal safety regulations depends mainly on the application the pump will be used in. The end user must provide the operators with all necessary means and tools and must inform his personnel about any dangers emanating from the processed products.

The operator of the vacuum pump must observe the safety regulations and must train and instruct his personnel accordingly.

Local regulations regarding the motors and electric control elements must be observed when installing the pump in potentially explosive environments.

The maintenance instructions must be observed and respected.

Is is vital that these installation and maintenance instructions are read and understood before the vacuum pump is used. If you have any do ubts, please contact your local Busch representative.

Safety information

The vacuum pump has been designed and manufactured in accordance with the latest technical and safety standards. Nevertheless, residual risk s may remain.

A lot of safety information is mentioned in these Installation and Operating Instructions as well as on the pump. The safety instructions must be observed. The safety information can quickly be detected through key words like DANGER, WARNING and CAUTION and is defined as follows:



DANGER

Disregard of this safety note will always lead to accidents with po- tentially fatal injuries and serious damages.



WARNING

Disregard of this safety note may lead to accidents with potentially fatal injuries and serious damages.



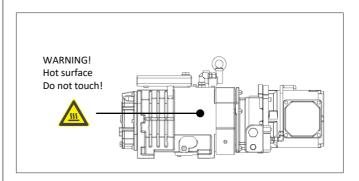
CAUTION

Disregard of this safety note will always lead to accidents with minor injuries and damages to property.

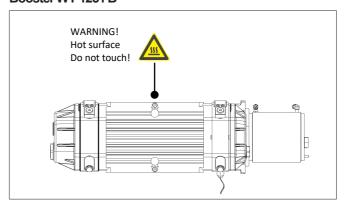


The COBRA DS system includes provision for the secondary containment of liquid leaks such as water and oil.

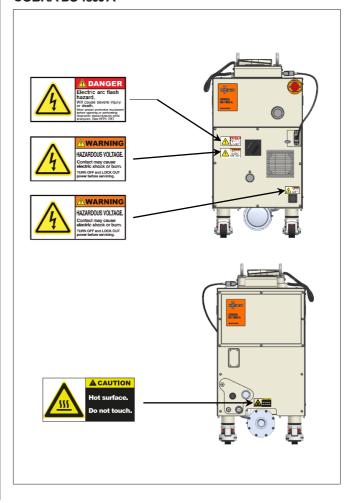
Safety stickers COBRA NS 0150 C



Booster WY 1251 B



COBRA DS 1800 A



Safety DS 1800 A

Noise emission

Refer to the table "Technical data" for the permissible noise levelling free field conditions according to ENISO 2151.





CAUTION

The sound level of the vacuum pump within a certain perimeter of the pump is high.

Risk of hearing damage.

Users who are spending a longer period of time in the vicinity of a non-insulated vacuum pump must wear suitable ear protection.

Safety area

Before any maintenance action, ensure a safety perimeter of a least 610 [mm] around the vacuum pump.

Electrical safety

Types of Electrical Work

The following are the four types of electrical work defined by the SEMI S2, latest version, guideline:

Type 1

Equipment is fully deenergized.

Type 2

Equipment is energized. Energized circuits are covered or insulated.

NOTE: Type 2 work includes tasks where the energized circuits are or can be measured by placing probes through suitable openings in the covers or insulators.

Type 3

Equipment is energized. Energized circuits are exposed and inadvertent contact with uninsulated energized parts is possible. Potential exposures are no greater than 30 volts rms, 42.4 volts peak, 60 volts dc or 240 volt-amp in dry locations.

Type 4

Equipment is energized. Energized circuits are exposed and inadvertent contact with uninsulated energized parts is possible. Potential exposures are greater than 30 volts rms, 42.4 volts peak, 60 volts dc, or 240 volt-amp in dry locations. Potential exposures to radio-frequency currents, whether induced or via contact, exceed the limits in Table A5-1 of Appendix 5 (SEMI S2 guideline).

Lock Out/ Tag Out procedure (Type 1 of electrical work)

- Stop the pump with the LCD controller (press on STOP button during 10s)
- Press on emergency stop button
- Switch off the main circuit breaker
- Switch off the customer's power supply
- Switch off the water and nitrogen quick connections (inlet first, then outlet)
- Put the label or warning board "Maintenance processing" on or next to the pump

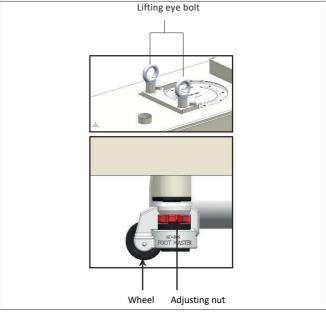
Emergency off circuit description

- The Emergency off circuit may be opened by pressing on emergency stop button. If this element occurs, then the DP and MB pumps will immediately stop. The PLC will remain energized to save the pump status.
- If the emergency stop button was pressed, check the start up of the pump then release this button to restart the pump. Press on Start button on the LCD controller, the pump will restart.

Installation of the vacuum pump in a seismic zone

Upon receipt, the vacuum pump is fixed on the transport pallet with two brackets.

- Convey the pump to its final location with a pallet truck before removing it from its support
- Unscrew the fixing screws of the vacuum pump on the transport pallet and remove the machine from its support with an appropriate lifting system by using the lifting brackets made for this pur-



- The pump must not lay only on the brackets. Unscrew the four adjusting nuts until the machine legs touch the ground
- Check that the wheels no longer touch the ground



CAUTION

The vacuum pump is fixed to the ground with four M10 screws, two screws per bracket. The fixing screw must stand a 1200 N tensible force (per bracket).

The final user must adapt the type od screws depending on the ground material.

The ground space requirement for the brackets is to be read on the following figure

Information over the lubricants

Busch YLC 250 B, Art. No. 0831 131 400 (0,5 I ≅ 1 kg)

Quantity:

WY 1251 B - MB: 1,4 I

NS 0150 C- DP: 1.7 I

Replacement: After 5000 h (see Maintenance program)

Cooling liquid

Glycol (Ethylene), Art. No. 0831 563 469, Zitrec M-25 Quantity:

 NS 0150 C - DP: 4 I - proportion 40% Glycol, 60% water Replacement: After 5000 h (see Maintenance chapter)

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Decommissioning procedure

When the product arrives at the end of the lifetime, it is necessary to proceed to the decontamination of the vacuum pump



CAUTION

Only authorised personnel may carry out any dismantling on the vacuum pump. Before work begins, the operator of the vacuum pump must fill in a form or a "Declaration Regarding Contamination of Vacuum Equipment and Components" that provides information on possible dangers and appropriate measures.

If this form has not been filled in completely and signed by a responsible person, the vacuum pump may not be dismantled.

- Proceed to disassembly of the vacuum pump. Please make sure to wear a personal protective equipment (PPE) prior to any intervention on the vacuum pump. Some residue may remain inside.
- Proceed to decommissioning of the different parts according to the current local and national laws

Transport

The COBRA DS vacuum pumps are tested and checked in our factory before careful packing. Check the packaging for transport damage when the goods arrive. The pump can withstand temperatures between -25°C and +55°C during transport.

Transport in packed state

Packed on a pallet, the vacuum pump can be moved with a hand forklift truck.

Transport in unpacked state

The vacuum pump is fastened to the pallet with fixing pins:

Unscrew the fastening nuts underneath the pallet.





CAUTION

Do not work, walk or stand under suspended loads.





CAUTION

Please check out the weight of the vacuum pump before lifting it up (see "Technical Data").

Use adequate lifting gear for this.

NOTE: The eyebolts are fitted more or less at equal distance from the center of gravity of the vacuum pump incl. drive motor. If any accessories that could upset the balance of the vacuum pump, are installed, or if the vacuum pump is delivered without drive motor, it is necessary to add a belt or rope at a suitable point when lifting the pump.

- Attach lifting gear securely to the eyebolt or eyebolts
- Use lifting gear with a crane hook equipped with safety latch.
- Lift the vacuum pump



In case the vacuum pump was bolted to a pallet with fixing bolts:

· Unscrew the fixing bolts in the base frame



CAUTION

In case of a vacuum pump filled with oil, make sure that by lifting the inclination angle of the vacuum pump do not exceed 5° from the horizontal. In case of too high inclination (>5°), risk of oil leak within the work area

Make sure before every transport using the appropriate lifting mean that the inclination of the vacuum pump is less than 5°.

The packaging material must be disposed of in accordance with local and national regulations.

This handbook is contained in the delivery package.

Storage

Temporary storage

- Make sure that the intake and exhaust flanges are closed (put on the protective caps included in the delivery package of the vacuum pump)
- Store the vacuum pump
- if possible, the vacuum pump should be stored in its original packaging,
- indoors,
- dry,
- in a dust-free and vibration-free room

Removal of the vacuum pump

Before starting a vacuum pump that has been stored outside the building for a while, the vacuum pump must be moved to a room with ambient temperature, where it should rest for a day.

Transport DS 1800 A

Preservation

If the vacuum pump will be exposed to unfavourable ambient conditions (for example, aggressive environment, frequent temperature changes), begin immediately with preservation work on the vacuum pump.

In the case of favourable ambient conditions, perform preservation work on the vacuum pump if a storage period of more than three months is planned.

 Make sure that all openings are hermetically sealed; use adhesive tape to fasten loose parts (seal rings, flat seals, etc.).

NOTE: VCI is the abbreviation for "volatile corrosion inhibitor". The VCI molecule is an organic corrosion inhibitor in the vapour phase. Integrated in various carriers such as film, cardboard, paper, foam, liquid and powder, it protects the parts against corrosion as a result of its action in the vapour phase. However, VCI packaging can attack synthetic surfaces and surfaces of other elastomers. If in doubt, please contact your nearest distributor. VCI packaging provides several years of protection against corrosion, even under the harshest of conditions: overseas shipment, extended storage before use.

- Wrap the vacuum pump in a VCI film
- · Store the vacuum pump
- if possible, the vacuum pump should be stored in its original packaging,
- indoors,
- dry,
- in a dust-free and
- vibration-free room

Start-up of the vacuum pump after storage:

- Make sure that all protective elements, stoppers or adhesive tapes attached before preservation have been removed
- Switch on the vacuum pump in the sequence described in the chapter "Installation and Commissioning"

Installation and Commissioning Installation prerequisites



CAUTION

In case of non-compliance with the installation prerequisites, particularly in case of insufficient cooling:

Risk of damage or destruction of the vacuum pump and its components!

Risk of personal injury!

The installation prerequisites must be complied with.

Please ensure that the integration of the vacuum pump is compliant with the safety requirements of the Machine Directive 2006/42/EC (concerning the responsibility of the system's manufacturer into which the vacuum pump is to be incorporated, please also refer to the note in the EU-Declaration of Conformity).





WARNING

Local regulations regarding the motors and electric control elements must be observed when installing the pump in potentially explosive environments. Make sure before start-up that all safety measures have been followed.

Local installation

- Make sure that the environment of the vacuum pump is not potentially explosive
- Make sure that the following ambient conditions are fulfilled:
- Ambient temperature: 0 ... 40 °C (32 ... 104 °F)

- Ambient pressure: atmosphere
- Humidity range: 20 to 95%
- Altitude: up to 1000 m
- Make sure that the cooling water fulfills the following requirements:

Temperature: 10 - 25 °C

- Overpressure: 2 - 5 bar (relative)

Water hardness: < 5 ° dGH

NOTE: 1° (german degree = 1° dGH) = 1,78° (french degree) = 1,25 e (english degree) = 17,9 mg/kg CaCO3 (american hardness)

- Approximate flow rate: 7 8 I/ min for the standard version
- Approximate flow rate: 7 15 I/ min for other applications
- Make sure that the cooling water is neutral and clean
- · Make sure that the cooling water outlet is unpressurised
- Make sure that the nitrogen fulfills the following requirements:
- Overpressure: 1,5 bar
- Approximate flow rate: 10 22 l/ min
- Make sure that the ambient conditions correspond to the protection class of the motor (according to nameplate)
- Make sure that the vacuum pump is placed on or fastened to a horizontal surface
- Make sure that the vacuum pump is level
- Make sure that the vacuum pump is at least 1 m away from any wall to ensure good cooling
- Make sure that the vacuum pump is easily accessible and that the selected installation site fulfills the requirements for assembly/dismantling
- Make sure that no temperature-sensitive parts (for example, of plastic, wood, cardboard, paper, electronic parts) come into contact with the hot surfaces of the vacuum pump
- Make sure that the installation site or assembly area is ventilated in such a way that adequate cooling of the vacuum pump is ensured





CAUTION

The surface temperature of the vacuum pump can exceed 50°C when the vacuum pump is in operation.

Danger of burns!

- Make sure that no-one can touch the vacuum pump accidentally.
 If necessary, attach safeguard
- Make sure that the oil sight glasses (OSG1,2,3,4) are easily accessible

If oil changes are to be made on site:

♦ Make sure that the oil drain and oil filler are easily accessible

Inlet connection

Make sure that the protection that was attached to prevent penetration of particles during transport has been removed before the vacuum pump is connected to the vacuum line





CAUTION

Do not put hands into the intlet aperture.

Risk of body damage!

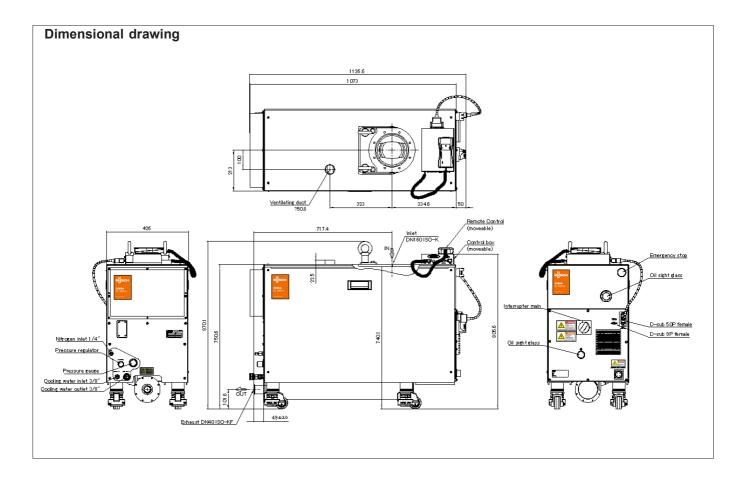


CAUTION

The intake of liquids or solid particles can lead to the destruction of the vacuum pump

If the sucked gas contains dusts or solid foreign bodies:

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- Make sure that a filter or protective grating is installed at the extraction point
- Make sure that the nominal diameter of the intake line is at least equal to the diameter of the intake flange of the vacuum pump to prevent a drop in the performance of the vacuum pump in the case of a smaller cross-section
- · Make sure that the vacuum pump is connected with leakproof lines



CAUTION

When the intake lines have been connected, make sure that the system does not leak. Leakages of dangerous substances must be prevented!

- Make sure that the intake lines are equipped with a shut-off device upstream of the intake flange so that the flow of sucked gas can be stopped
- Make sure that the intake lines do not exercise any force on the intake flange. Mount bellows if necessary
- The inlet flange has the following dimension:
- DN 160 ISO-K

In the case of long intake lines the line cross-section should be larger than the intake flange to prevent a drop in the performance of the vacuum pump. If you have any doubts, contact your Busch representative.

Discharge connection





CAUTION

Do not put hands into the outlet aperture.

Risk of body damage!

The following instructions for connection to the discharge only apply if the sucked gas is discharged by the vacuum pump into a suitable environment

- Make sure that the protection that was attached to prevent penetration of particles during transport has been removed before the vacuum pump is connected to the vacuum line
- Make sure that the nominal diameter of the exhaust line is at least equal to the diameter of the exhaust flange of the vacuum pump to prevent a drop in the performance of the vacuum pump in the case of a smaller cross-section
- Make sure that the vacuum pump is connected with leakproof lines



CAUTION

When the discharge lines have been connected, make sure that the system does not leak. Leakages of dangerous substances must be prevented!

- Make sure that the discharge line is mounted in such a way that condensate cannot penetrate into the pump (siphon trap, gradient)
- Make sure that no shut-off devices are mounted in the discharge line.
- Make sure that the discharge lines do not exercise any force on the discharge flange. Mount bellows if necessary
- The discharge flange has the following dimension:
- DN 40 ISO KF

In the case of long discharge lines the line cross-section should be larger than the discharge flange to prevent a drop in the performance of the vacuum pump. If you have any doubts, contact your Busch representative.

Installation and Commissioning DS 1800 A

Cooling water connection

The cooling water is generally connected with a hose.

The cooling water outlet must be unpressurised.

Connection diameter: 3/8 NPT

Nitrogen connection

The nitrogen is connected with a pipe (leakproof against oxygen).

Connection diameter: 1/4 NPT

Electrical connection/Checks

- Make sure that the regulations of the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU as well as standard EN norms, safety directives and especially local and national regulations are observed (this is the responsibility of the manufacturer of the system into which the vacuum pump is integrated according to the EU-Declaration of Conformity)
- Make sure that the main power supply corresponds to the data on the nameplate of the motor
- Make sure that an overload cut-out according to EN 60204-1 is provided for the motor
- Make sure that the drive of the vacuum pump is not disturbed by any electric or electromagnetic interferences. If you have any doubts, contact your Busch representative

Installation

Mounting

- Make sure that the "Necessary installation instructions" are follo-
- Fasten or install the pump at its final installation site

Electrical connection





WARNING

Risk of electrocution, risk of damage.

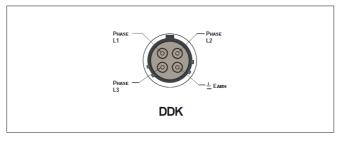
Electrical installation must be performed by a suitably qualified electrician who knows and follows the following regulations:

- -IEC 364 or CENELEC HD 384 or DIN VDE 0100,
- IEC Report 664 or DIN VDE 0110,
- -VBG 4 or corresponding national regulations on accident preven-

Power wiring connection

Power wiring 4 poles		
1	Phase L1	
2	Phase L2	
3	Phase L3	
4	Earth	

Power connector on vacuum pump Front side



CAUTION

If the vacuum pump is operated with a motor that turns in the wrong direction, it can be destroyed, even if this is the case for only a short moment.

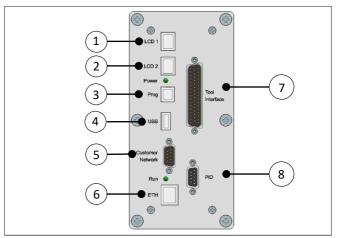
Make sure that the vacuum pump is connected correctly before switching it on.

- Determine rotation sense of the motor by using a measure tool or putting a rubber plate on the inlet.
- Press on the start button
- Make sure that the vacuum pump draws in
- If not, push the Emergency stop button

If the direction of rotation has to be changed:

Exchange two of the three feeder leads

Equipment connections (with options)



- 1 LCD serial wiring (RJ45), LCD1
 - LCD serial wiring (RJ45), LCD2
- 2 3 PC serial wiring (9 poles) (option)
- USB connection 4
- Customer Network, Communication modbus RTU RS 232
- 6 Ethernet network connection (Busch Monitoring System) (option)
- 7 Interface connection (50 poles) (option)
- 8 PID Interface (9 poles) (option)

The information concerning the use of the Busch PLC and the Busch LCD can be found in the Operation and Maintenance manual (Art.No. 0870758077).

Connection of the lines/pipes

- Connect the intake lines
- Connect the discharge lines
- Make sure that all caps, safeguards and similar covers are mounted
- Make sure that the inlet and outlet for the cooling air are not covered or closed and that the flow of cooling air is not impaired in any way

Oil filling

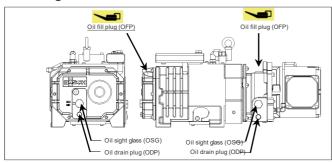
The COBRA DS 1800 A vacuum pumps are generally dispatched with oil already in the vacuum pump. Before vacuum pump first startup, control the oil level. In the event of absence of one or the other of these lubricants, please carry out the filling (see the chapter "Oil ty- pes" for information on the recommended oils).

Prepare the quantity of oil specified in the table "Oil quantity"

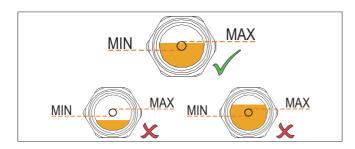
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Oil filling	NS 0150 C WY 1251 B		
Oil quantity [Liter]	1,7 1,4		
Oil type	Busch YLC 250 B, Art. No. 0831 131 400 (0,5 I ≅ 1 kg)		

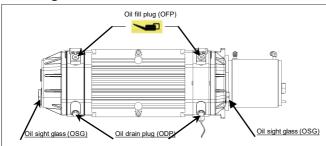
Oil filling on COBRA NS 0150 C



- Unscrew the oil filler plugs (OFP)
- Fill up to the upper level of the target circle of the oil sight glasses (OSG).
- Make sure that the filling level is in the target circle of the oil sight glasses (OSG).
- Make sure that the seal ring in the oil filler plugs is not damaged, replace plugs if necessary. Fit the oil filler plugs and tighten up



Oil filling on Booster WY 1251 B



NOTE: The quantity of oil specified in the installation handbook is of informative nature only. Check the oil level with the help of the various oil sight glasses (OSG) on the vacuum pump.



CAUTION

Before you change the type of oil, make sure that the new type is compatible with the old type. If necessary, flush the vacuum pump.

- Unscrew the oil filler cap (OFP)
- Fill in oil
- Make sure that the oil level lies between the MIN and MAX markings on the oil sight glasses
- Make sure that the seals of the oil filler cap are not damaged. Replace them if necessary
- · Screw on the oil filler cap hermetically tight

NOTE: It is easier to switch on the vacuum pump with cold oil when the intake line is not closed or when the intake flange is not covered by a rubber plate.

· Start the vacuum pump

If the intake line is equipped with a shut-off device:

◆ Close the shut-off device

If the intake line is not equipped with a shut-off device:

- Place a rubber plate on the intake flange
- Let the vacuum pump run for a few minutes
- · Stop the vacuum pump and wait a few minutes
- Make sure that the oil level still lies between the MIN and MAX markings on the oil sight glasses

If the oil level is below the MIN marking:

◆ Fill in more oil

If the intake line is equipped with a shut-off device:

◆ Open the shut-off device

If the intake line is not equipped with a shut-off device:

 Remove the rubber plate from the intake flange and connect the intake line to the intake flange



CAUTION

In case of a vacuum pump filled with oil, make sure that by lifting the inclination angle of the vacuum pump do not exceed 5° from the horizontal. In case of too high inclination (> 5°), risk of oil leak within the work area

 Make sure before every transport using the appropriate lifting mean that the inclination of the vacuum pump is less than 5°.



CAUTION

The vacuum pump must remain in a horizontal position when it has been filled with oil.

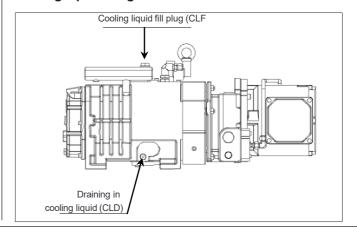
Filling in cooling liquid

The COBRA DS 1800 A vacuum pumps are generally dispatched with cooling liquid already in the vacuum pump. Before vacuum pump first startup, control the cooling liquid level. In the event of absence of one or the other of these lubricants, please carry out the filling (see the chapter "Cooling liquid types" for information on the recommended cooling liquids).

Prepare the quantity of cooling liquid specified in the table "Cooling liquid quantity"

Cooling liquid filling	NS 0150 C	Cooling liquid type
Cooling liquid quantity [Liter]	4	Glycol (Ethylene), Art. No. 0831 563 469, Zitrec M-25

Cooling liquid filling on the COBRA NS 0150 C



Installation and Commissioning DS 1800 A

NOTE: The quantity of cooling liquid specified in the installation handbook is of informative nature only. Respect the procedure of filling the cooling liquid.

- Unscrew filler cap (CLF) of cooling liquid on cylinder upper plate
- Fill in by filler hole until cooling liquid reaches the top of the cylinder upper plate
- · Stop filling in cooling liquid
- · Screw on the filler cap for the cooling liquid again
- If liquid has run on to the outside surfaces of the vacuum pump, wipe it off
- · Start the vacuum pump

If the intake line is equipped with a shut-off device:

Close the shut-off device

If the intake line is not equipped with a shut-off device:

- ◆ Place a rubber plate on the intake flange
- Let the vacuum pump run for a few minutes
- Stop the vacuum pump and wait a few minutes
- In case cooling liquid level is below required level:
 - ◆ Fill in more cooling liquid

If the intake line is equipped with a shut-off device:

◆ Open the shut-off device

If the intake line is not equipped with a shut-off device:

 Remove the rubber plate from the intake flange and connect the intake line to the intake flange

Checking the direct cooling

The flow of the cooling water is checked by the flowmeter CWM. The flowmeter must be connected in such a way that switching-on leads to a warning at 2 l/min, when the flow drops below 1,5 l/min, the vacuum pump must be stopped.

Checking the nitrogen supply

The flow of the nitrogen is checked by the flowmeter FME. The flowmeter must be connected in such a way that switching-on leads to an alarm. The alarm limit can be adjusted depending the type of process.

Saving the operating parameters

As soon as the vacuum pump is working under normal conditions after being switched on:

 Measure the working current of the motor and save it as reference value for all future maintenance and repair work

Recommendations on operation

Application



WARNING

The vacuum pump is designed for use under the conditions specified here.

If these conditions are not met, there is a risk of damage to or total destruction of the vacuum pump and its components!

The vacuum pump may only be switched on under the specified $\ensuremath{\mathbf{c}}$ onditions.

The COBRA DS vacuum pumps are designed for use in the field of microelectronics and similar industries.

They can be used to suck gases and gas mixtures.



WARNING

When using toxic, inflammable and/or explosive gases, make sure that the system corresponds in design to applicable local and national safety regulations and that all applicable safety measures are followed.

All product-specific safety regulations must be observed.

Solid particles must not get into the vacuum pump. Procedural errors can result in the pump sucking in a certain quantity of liquid. If the pump has sucked in liquid, a short drying time is necessary at the end of the procedure.

The allowed maximum inlet gas temperature depends on the inlet pressure and the type of gas: the lower the inlet pressure (Pa), the higher the drawn gas temperature (TGas) can be.

The following indicative values for air can be considered:

- Pa > 50 mbar, TGas < 80°C
- Pa < 50 mbar, TGas < 200°C

The vacuum pump is intended for use in a potentially non-explosive environment.

As far as temperature is concerned, the pump is suitable for continuous duty at any pressure between atmosphere and ultimate pressure.

The vacuum pump is tight down to ultimate pressure.





CAUTION

The surface temperature of the vacuum pump can exceed 50 °C when the vacuum pump is in operation.

Danger of burns!

The vacuum pump may not be touched when it is in operation. If touching the pump is unavoidable, wait until the surface tempera- ture has cooled down or wear protective gloves.





CAUTION

The intensity of the noise of the vacuum pump is higher within a certain area of the pump.

Risk of hearing damage.

Users must wear ear protection when spending a longer period of time in the vicinity of a non-insulated vacuum pump.



CAUTION

The COBRA DS 1800 A vacuum pumps could be delivered without oil, without cooling water and without cooling liquid. Operation without oil will result in damage to the vacuum pump!

The vacuum pump must remain in a horizontal position when it has been filled with oil.



CAUTION

The COBRA DS 1800 A vacuum pumps are always delivered without oil, without cooling water and without cooling liquid.

Operation without coolants will result in damage to the vacuum pump!



CAUTION

The cooling water flow, which is checked by the flowmeter CWM, must be at least 3 l/min.

- Make sure that all caps, safeguards and similar covers are mounted
- Make sure that the safeguards are switched on

1800 A Installation and Commissioning

- Make sure that the inlet and outlet for the cooling air are not covered or closed and that the flow of cooling air is not impaired in any
- Make sure that the system does not leak. Leakages of dangerous substances must be prevented
- Make sure that the "Necessary installation instructions" are followed and especially that adequate cooling is ensured

The following must be noted when the pump is shut down for a longer period of time:



CAUTION

If there is a risk of frost, all the cooling water must be drained out of the vacuum pump if the pump is shut down for a longer period of timel

- Drain the cooling liquid
 - Unscrew the filler cap for the cooling liquid
 - Drain the cooling liquid completely
 - Screw on the filler cap for the cooling liquid again
 - Collect the cooling liquid and recycle it or dispose of it according to local or national regulations
- Drain the cooling water
 - Pull off the connections for the inlet and outlet of the cooling
 - Drain the cooling water completely
 - If necessary, drain the cooling water with the help of compressed air to prevent any risk of frost or corrosion

NOTE: When the pump has not been in operation for a few days or when a sticky substance has been sucked, it is possible that the two scroll rotors of the NS vacuum pump will stick to each other. Screw open the access cover to the scroll rotors. Loosen the rotors from each other with the help of an Allan key by turning them in clockwise direction by hand.

Switching the vacuum pump on/ off

First start-up of the system

Make sure that the "Necessary installation instructions" are follo-

If the system is equipped with a solenoid gate valve in the cooling water circuit:

- ◆ Open the solenoid gate valve
- Make sure that the cooling water flow is set correctly
- The thermostatic valve TV is preset at 4,5 at works. The position 1 corresponds to around 50° C (minimum) and the position 5 to 100 °C maximum. Position 5 must not be overthrown. By changing the position of the thermostatic valve, adjust the valve CWR.
- The cooling water flow is factory set on 2 I/ min and can be adjusted at the regulating cock CWR. This water circuit is used to cool the motor of the NS pump. It cools also the cylinder and cylinder end-place B-side when temperature of cooling liquid is above 50° C.
- Make sure that the nitrogen flow is set correctly
- Nitrogen flow injected in the middle hole (8) is preset at 2 I/ min and can be adjusted with valve DGR1. Nitrogen flow injected in the hole on cylinder end-plate side is preset at 10I/ min and can be adjusted with valve DGR2.
- Switch on the vacuum pump

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Make sure that the system does not leak

If the system is equipped with a solenoid gate valve at the intake:

◆ Open the solenoid gate valve

Switching the system off

If the system is equipped with a solenoid gate valve at the intake:

- ◆ Close the solenoid gate valve
- Switch off the vacuum pump
- Shut off the nitrogen supply
- Shut off the cooling water supply

If the system is equipped with a solenoid gate valve in the cooling water circuit:

- ◆ Close the solenoid gate valve
- Make sure that the system is currentless

Maintenance









DANGER

In case the vacuum pump has conveyed gases that have been contaminated with foreign materials that are dangerous to health, the oil and condensates will also be contaminated.

These foreign materials can infiltrate the pores, recesses and other internal spaces of the vacuum pump.

Danger to health when the vacuum pump is

dismantled. Danger to the environment.

Always wear protective clothing when carrying out maintenance work.

Before any maintenance work, the inlet and outlet piping as well as the vacuum pump itself must be flushed with nitrogen.



CAUTION

Only authorised personnel may carry out dismantling work on the vacuum pump. Before work begins, the operator of the vacuum pump must fill in a form or a "Declaration of Contamination of Vacuum Equipment and Components" that provides information on possible dangers and appropriate measures.

If this form has not been filled in completely and signed, the va- cuum pump may not be dismantled.



CAUTION

Before maintenance work is started, a safety area of at least 610 [mm] around the machine must be set up.





CAUTION

The surface temperature of the vacuum pump can exceed 50°C when the vacuum pump is in operation.

Danger of burns!

Before starting maintenance work, make sure that the vacuum pump has been switched off and that it cannot be switched on again accidentally. Follow the shutdown procedure in the section "Lock Out/ Tag Out procedure":

- stop the pump with the LCD control (press on STOP button during 10s)
- press on emergency stop button
- switch off the main circuit breaker
- switch off the customer's power supply
- switch off the water and nitrogen quick connections (inlet first, then outlet)

Maintenance DS 1800 A 0870236128 (EN) put the label or warning board "Maintenance processing" on or next to the pump





CAUTION

The oil temperature can reach a value of 100°C!

The cooling liquid temperature can reach a value of 100°C!

Danger of burns!

- Make sure that the oil circuit and the coolant circuit have been emptied before moving the vacuum pump
- Make sure that there are no cleaning tools in the pump anymore according to local and national regulations

Before pulling off the different connections, make sure that the intake and exhaust lines of the vacuum pump correspond to atmospheric pressure

When the maintenance work has been finished, follow the procedure "Safety Lockout procedure":

- take off the label or warning board "Maintenance processing"
- check the cooling liquid and oil levels according to the chapters "Checking the oil level" and "Checking the cooling liquid level"
- switch on the main circuit breaker
- release the emergency stop button
- switch on the water and nitrogen quick connections (outlet first, then inlet)
- make sure that the "Necessary installation instructions" are followed
- start the pump with the LCD control (press on START button)

Maintenance program

NOTE: The maintenance intervals depend a lot on the individual operating conditions. The intervals given below should be considered initial guidelines which ought to be shortened or extended as appropriate. In particularly heavy duty operation such as high dust loads in the environment or in the process gas, it may become necessary to shorten the maintenance intervals significantly.

Weekly:

- Check the oil level and the colour of the oil (see "Checking the oil")
- Check the level of the cooling liquid (see "Checking the cooling liquid")
- Check the cooling water flow (see "Checking the cooling water")
- Check the nitrogen flow (see "Checking the nitrogen")
- Inspect the vacuum pump for oil leaks if there are leaks, repair the vacuum pump (Busch)
- Inspect the vacuum pump for leaks of cooling liquid if there are leaks, repair the vacuum pump (Busch)
- Inspect the vacuum pump for leaks of cooling water if there are leaks, repair the vacuum pump (Busch)

Monthly:

In the case of operation in a dusty environment:

- Make sure that the operating room is clean and free of dust; clean if necessary
- Make sure that the vacuum pump has been switched off and that it cannot be switched on again accidentally
- Check the electrical connections
- Carry out a visual inspection of the vacuum pump

Yearly:

 Make sure that the vacuum pump has been switched off and that it cannot be switched on again accidentally If the intake is equipped with a sieve:

- ♦ Check the sieve at the intake and clean if necessary
- Check the measuring and safety equipment for working order

If the discharge is equipped with a silencer:

 Bleed the condensation of the silencer through the purge system

If the discharge is equipped with a leak-protection non-return valve:

- ◆ Clean the leak-protection non-return valve
- Drain the cooling liquid (see "Draining the cooling liquid")
- · Check the ventilator filter (RF), clean if necessary

If the cooling water line is equipped with a filter:

- ◆ Check the filter and clean or replace if necessary
- Check the seals and replace if necessary
- Check the intake and discharge lines and clean or replace if necessary

Every 16 000 hours of operation, at the latest after 4 years:

- Drain the oil (see "Draining the oil")
- · A main inspection of the vacuum pump (Busch)

Lock Out/ Tag Out procedure

- Stop the pump with the LCD control (press on STOP button during 10s)
- Press on emergency stop button
- · Switch off the main circuit breaker
- · Switch off the customer's power supply
- Switch off the water and nitrogen quick connections (inlet first, then outlet)
- Put the label or warning board "Maintenance processing" on or next to the pump

Safety Lockout procedure

- Take off the label or warning board "Maintenance processing"
- Check the cooling liquid and oil levels according to the chapters "Checking the oil level" and "Checking the cooling liquid level"
- · Switch on the main circuit breaker
- Release the emergency stop button
- Switch on the water and nitrogen quick connections (outlet first, then inlet)
- Make sure that the "Necessary installation instructions" are followed
- Start the pump with the LCD control (press on START button)

Checking the oil

Checking the oil level

- Make sure that the vacuum pump has been switched off and that it cannot be switched on again accidentally
- Indication of the oil level on the various oil sight glasses

If the oil level is below the target circle or the MIN marking (Booster):

◆ Top up with oil (see "Refilling oil")

If the oil level exceeds the target circle or the MAX marking (Booster):

- ◆ Check the condensate drain
- Drain the oil (see "Draining the oil")

Refilling oil

NOTE: Oil does not normally have to be refilled outside the recommended oil change intervals. A drop in the oil level indicates a fault (see "Alarms and warnings -> Busch PLC and Busch LCD").

DS 1800 A Maintenance



Only fill in oil through the oil filler opening.



CAUTION

Danger of burns when the oil filler cap is open.

Danger of injuries when the oil filler cap is not screwed on properly.

Only unscrew the oil filler cap when the vacuum pump has been switched off.

The vacuum pump may only be switched on when the oil filler cap is properly closed and tight.

We recommend submitting the pump to a leakage rate test in order to ensure the pump is leak tight.

- Make sure that the vacuum pump has been switched off and that it cannot be switched on again accidentally
- Unscrew the oil filler cap (OFP)
- Fill up to the upper level of the target circle of the oil sight glasses (OSG) or middle of the oil sight glass (Booster).
- Make sure that the oil level still lies in the target circle or between the MIN and MAX markings (Booster) on the oil sight glasses.
- Make sure that the seals of the filler cap are not damaged and that they sit properly. Replace them if necessary. Screw on the filler cap again

Checking the colour of the oil

NOTE: The oil must be clear and transparent. A permanent milky colour is an indication for contamination by foreign bodies. A dark colour is an indication for oil that has been chemically altered or contaminated by foreign bodies.



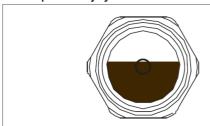






WARNING

Dark colored oil may indicate a hazardous pump condition which could cause personal injury.



If dark oil similar to the example shown is observed, you have to contact the Busch Customer Service without delay.

Oil change











If the vacuum pump has pumped gases that were contaminated with foreign bodies that are hazardous to health, the oil is also contaminated with these foreign bodies.

There is a health hazard when changing contaminated oil.

There is also a danger to the environment.

Wear protective clothing when replacing contaminated oil.

Contaminated oil must be treated specially and must be disposed of according to applicable regulations.

Draining used oil

NOTE: After switching off the vacuum pump at normal operating temperature wait no more than 20 minutes before the oil is drained.

- Make sure that the vacuum pump is switched off and cannot accidentally be switched on again
- Make sure that the vacuum pump is vented to atmospheric pressure.
- Put a drain tray underneath the oil drain plugs (ODP)
- Remove the oil drain plugs (ODP)
- Carefully remove the drain plugs
- Drain the oil
- Because of wear and tear on the seals replace the current drain plugs with new ones

When the oil flow has stopped:

- ◆ Close the oil drain plugs (ODP)
- · Switch on the vacuum pump for a few seconds
- Make sure that the vacuum pump is switched off and cannot accidentally be switched on again
- · Remove the oil drain plugs again and drain any remaining oil
- Check that no metal swarf sticks to the magnet of the drain plug, clean if necessary
- Refit the oil drain plugs and tighten up
- Dispose of the used oil in compliance with applicable regulations



CAUTION

Because the ends of the drain plugs are magnetic, metal swarf can stick to them. Always clean away this swarf when removing the drain plugs.

Because of wear and tear of the seals, it is recommended to replace the drain plugs whenever the oil is changed.

Filling in new oil

Prepare the quantity of oil needed (see "Oil type/ quantity")









WARNING

The use of chemically contaminated or polluted oil can lead to hazardous pump conditions which could cause personal injury.

NOTE: The quantity of oil specified in the installation handbook is of informative nature only. Check the oil level with the help of the various oil sight glasses on the vacuum pump.

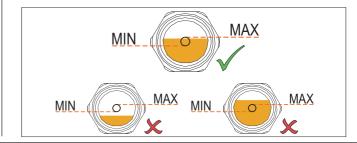
 Make sure that the drain plugs have been fitted properly and that they do not leak



CAUTION

Only fill in oil through the oil filler opening.

- Make sure that the vacuum pump has been switched off and that it cannot be switched on again accidentally. Unscrew the oil filler cap (OFP).
- Fill up to the upper level of the target circle of the oil sight glasses (OSG) or middle of the oil sight glass (Booster).
- Make sure that the oil level still lies in the target circle or between the MIN and MAX markings (Booster) on the oil sight glasses. Make sure that the seals of the filler cap are not damaged and that they sit properly. Replace them if necessary. Screw on the filler cap again.



Maintenance DS 1800 A

Checking the cooling liquid Checking the level of the cooling liquid

- Make sure that the vacuum pump has been switched off and that it cannot be switched on again accidentally
- · Check the level of the cooling liquid.
 - Unscrew purge valve on cylinder upper plate.

Cooling liquid level should be just under the plate.

If the level is below:

◆ Top up with cooling liquid (see "Refilling cooling liquid")

Refilling cooling liquid

NOTE: Cooling liquid does not normally have to be refilled outside the recommended change intervals. A drop in the level of the liquid indicates a fault (see "Troubleshooting").

- Make sure that the vacuum pump has been switched off and that it cannot be switched on again accidentally
- · Unscrew the filler cap (CLF) for the cooling liquid
- Fill in by filler hole until cooling liquid reaches the top of cylinder upper plate
- · Stop fill in
- · Screw on the cooling liquid filler cap again
- If liquid has run on to the outside surfaces of the vacuum pump, wipe it off

Draining the cooling liquid

- Make sure that the vacuum pump has been switched off and that it cannot be switched on again accidentally
- Make sure that the vacuum pump has adjusted to atmospheric pressure
- · Place a container under the drain plug (CLD) for the cooling liquid
- · Unscrew drain plug of cooling liquid
- Drain the cooling liquid

When cooling liquid stops running out:

- Close the drain plug for the cooling liquid
- Screw drain plug
- Switch on the vacuum pump and let it run for a few seconds
- Make sure that the vacuum pump has been switched off and that it cannot be switched on again accidentally
- Unscrew the drain plug for the cooling liquid again and drain the remaining liquid
- Make sure that the seal of the drain plug is not damaged and that it sits properly. Replace it if necessary
- Screw on the drain plug again
- Dispose of the used cooling liquid according to applicable environmental protection regulations

Filling in new cooling liquid

 Prepare the quantity of cooling liquid needed (see "Cooling liquid type/quantity")

NOTE: The quantity of cooling liquid specified is of informative nature only. Respect the procedure of filling the cooling liquid.

- · Make sure that the drain plug sits properly and does not leak
- Unscrew the filler cap for the cooling liquid
- Fill in by filler hole until cooling liquid flows reaches the top of cylinder upper plate
- Stop fill in
- · Close the drain plug

- Make sure that the seal of the filler cap are not damaged and that they sit properly. Replace them if necessary
- Screw on the filler cap again
- Wipe cooling liquid that may have run on outside surfaces of vacuum pump

Checking the cooling water Checking the cooling water flow

Check the cooling water flow regularly

If the flow drops, check for leaks

 Make sure that the specifications of the cooling water are followed

Checking the nitrogen Checking the nitrogen flow

Check the nitrogen flow regularly

If the flow drops, check for leaks

♦ Make sure that the specifications of the nitrogen are followed

Checking the current consumption

· Check the current intensity of the motor

An increased intensity is an indication for a fault (see "Troubleshooting")

Checking the silencer (accessory)

- Make sure that the condensate does not collect at the exhaust of the vacuum pump
- Drain the condensate at the drain opening and collect it in a container
- Dispose of the condensate according to applicable environmental protection regulations
- · Check the silencer regularly and clean it if necessary

Checking the leak-protection non-return valve (accessory)

 Check the leak-protection non-return valve regularly and clean it if necessary



CAUTION

Wear protective clothing when carrying out maintenance work on the silencer and leak-protection non-return valve.

There could still be residues of contamination.

Overhaul



CAUTION

Inappropiate maintenance work on the vacuum pump can damage the pump.

Danger of explosion!

If requirements are not met, the vacuum pump may not be switched on!

Should work exceed the dismantling work described in this handbook, it may only be carried out by authorised persons.











In case the vacuum pump has conveyed gases that have been contaminated with foreign materials that are dangerous to health, the oil and condensates will also be contaminated.

These foreign materials can infiltrate the pores, recesses and other internal spaces of the vacuum pump.

Danger to health when the vacuum pump is dismantled.

Danger to the environment.

Prior to shipping, the vacuum pump must imperatively be decontaminated and the degree of contamination must be documented in a declaration of decontamination ("Declaration of Contamination of Vacuum Equipment and Components"), which can be downloaded from www.buschvacuum.com.

Busch service will only accept vacuum pumps that come with a completely filled in and legally binding signed form.

Removal from service

Temporary removal from service

Before disconnecting the intake and exhaust lines and switching off the cooling water and nitrogen lines, make sure that the lines have adjusted to atmospheric pressure

Recommissioning



CAUTION

After a long period of inactivity, it is possible that the rotor screws of the COBRANC vacuum pump are stuck.

Turn the rotor screws manually

- Make sure that the various protective elements, stoppers or adhesive tapes have been removed
- Switch on the vacuum pump by following the procedure described in the chapter "Installation and Commissioning"

Dismantling and Disposal of the vacuum pump











In case the vacuum pump has conveyed gases that have been contaminated with harmful foreign material which are harmful to health, the oil and the condensates will also be contaminated with harmful foreign material.

These foreign materials can infiltrate the pores, recesses and other internal spaces of the vacuum pump.

Danger to health during dismantling of the vacuum pump.

Danger to the environment.

During dismantling of the vacuum pump protective equipment and clothing must be worn.

Prior to shipping, the vacuum pump must imperatively be decontaminated and the degree of contamination must be documented in a declaration of decontamination ("Declaration of Decontamination"), which can be downloaded from www.buschvacuum.com.

Used oil and condensates must be disposed of separately in compliance with applicable environmental regulations.

When the product has reached the end of its lifetime:

- decontaminate the vacuum pump



CAUTION

Only authorised personnel may carry out dismantling work on the vacuum pump. Before work begins, the operator of the vacuum pump must fill in a form or a "Declaration of Decontamination" that provides information on possible dangers and appropriate measures.

If this form has not been filled in completely and signed, the vacuum pump may not be dismantled.

- drain the oil
 - dispose of the oil according to local environmental protection regulations
- drain the cooling liquid
 - dispose of the cooling liquid according to local environmental protection regulations
- begin dismantling the vacuum pump



CAUTION

During dismantling of the vacuum pump protective equipment and clothing must be worn

- dispose of the vacuum pump as scrap metal
- dispose of the individual parts of the machine according to local regulations

A lithium battery is present inside the PLC:

 eliminate the lithium battery according to local and national regulations in place, relating to environment

Removal from service DS 1800 A

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Oil type/ quantity

Oil type

- Make sure that the oil type corresponds to specification:
- Busch YLC 250 B, Art. No. 0831 131 400 (0,5 I \cong 1 kg)









WARNING

The use of chemically contaminated or polluted oil can lead to hazardous pump conditions which could cause personal injury.

Oil quantity

The quantity of oil specified in the following table is of informative nature only. Check the oil level with the help of the various oil sight glasses on the vacuum pump.

Quantity [l]	Motor side (A)	Inlet side (B)
NS 0150 C	1,2	0,5
Quantity [l]	Motor side (A)	Gear side (B)
WY 1251 B	0,6	0,8

DS 1800 A Oil type/ quantity Page 20

Cooling liquid type/ quantity

Cooling liquid type

Make sure that the cooling liquid type corresponds to specifications:

Specifications	Zitrec M-25 (ready-to-use)		
	20 litres can	5 litres can	
	part no. 0831 238 761	part no. 0831 563 469	

Cooling liquid quantity

The quantity of cooling liquid specified in this instructions manual is of informative nature only. Respect the procedure of filling the cooling liquid.

Quantity	Zitrec M-25 (already mixed ready-to-use)	
DS 1800 A	4 litres	



CAUTION

The proportion of pure glycol and water for the cooling liquid corresponds to a percentage of 40% pure glycol and 60% water. It is therefore not necessary to prepare the mix before use. But when using pure glycol, it is imperative to prepare the mix prior to filling the pump and to respect this proportion.

Technical data

Technical data				DS 1800 A	
Nominal suction capacity		m³/h		1700	
Ultimate pressure		Torr mbar		< 2 x 10 ⁻³ < 3 x 10 ⁻³	
Nominal motor rating	DP	kW	(50/ 60/ 85 Hz)	4.0 / 4.4 / 4.4	
Nominal motor rating	MB	kW	(90 Hz)	4.0	
Electric power capacity at ultimate pressure		kW (MB : 90 H	z; DP : 85 Hz)	4.1	
Maximal intensity		А		35	
Nominal motor speed	DP	min-1	(85 Hz)	5100	
Nominal motor speed	MB	min-	(90 Hz)	5400	
Noise level (EN ISO 2151)*		dB(A)		< 62	
Ambient temperature		°C °F		0 - 40 32 - 104	
Maximum counter pressure	Discharge	bar		0.2	
Cooling water requirement		l/ min		min. 7	
Cooling water temperature				10 - 25°C	
Cooling water pressure		bar/ \Lambda1P		2 - 5	
Nitrogen requirement	approx.	I/ min		0 - 50	
Nitrogen overpressure		bar		1.5	
Weight	approx.	kg		500	

^{*} with silencer at exhaust

Technical data DS 1800 A Page 22

EU Declaration of Conformity

This Declaration of Conformity and the CE-markings affixed to the nameplate are valid for the machine within the Busch scope of delivery. This Declaration of Conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer.

When this machine is integrated into a superordinate machinery the manufacturer of the superordinate machinery (this can be the operating company, too) must conduct the conformity assessment process for the superordinate machine or plant, issue the Declaration of Conformity for it and affix the CE-marking.

The manufacturer

Busch Manufacturing Korea, Ltd. 189-51, Soicheon-ro, Majang-myun Icheon-si, Gyunggi-do, 467-813 Republic of Korea

declares that the machine: COBRA DS 1800 A fulfill(s) all the relevant provisions from EU directives:

- 'Machinery' 2006/42/EC
- 'Electromagnetic Compatibility' (EMC) 2014/30/EU
- 'RoHS' 2011/65/EU Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (incl. all related applicable amendaments)

and comply(-ies) with the following harmonized standards that have been used to fulfill those provisions:

Standards	Title of the Standard	
EN ISO 12100 : 2010	Safety of machinery - Basic concepts, general principles of design	
EN ISO 13857 : 2019	Safety of machinery - Safety distances to prevent hazard zones being reached by the upper and lower limbs	
EN ISO 2151 : 2008	Acoustics - Noise test code for compressors and vacuum pumps - Engineering method (grade 2)	
EN 60204-1 : 2018	Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines - Part 1: General requirements	
EN IEC 61000-6-2 : 2019	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Generic standards. Immunity for industrial environments	
EN IEC 61000-6-4 : 2019	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Generic standards. Emission standard for industrial environments	

Legal person authorized to compile the technical file and authorized representative in the EU (if the manufacturer is not located in the EU):

Busch Dienste GmbH Schauinslandstr. 1 DE-79689 Maulburg

Icheon-si, 01.03.2023

Seung-hwa Yoo, General Director

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UK Declaration of Conformity

This Declaration of Conformity and the UKCA-markings affixed to the nameplate are valid for the machine within the Busch scope of delivery. This Declaration of Conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer.

When this machine is integrated into a superordinate machinery the manufacturer of the superordinate machinery (this can be the operating company, too) must conduct the conformity assessment process for the superordinate machine or plant, issue the Declaration of Conformity for it and affix the UKCA-marking.

The manufacturer

Busch Manufacturing Korea, Ltd. 189-51, Soicheon-ro, Majang-myun Icheon-si, Gyunggi-do, 467-813 Republic of Korea

declares that the machine: COBRA DS 1800 A

fulfill(s) all the relevant provisions from UK legislations:

- Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008
- Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016
- Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment Regulations 2021

and comply(-ies) with the following designated standards that have been used to fulfill those provisions:

Standards	Title of the Standard	
EN ISO 12100 : 2010	Safety of machinery - Basic concepts, general principles of design	
EN ISO 13857 : 2019	Safety of machinery - Safety distances to prevent hazard zones being reached by the upper and lower limbs	
EN ISO 2151 : 2008	Acoustics - Noise test code for compressors and vacuum pumps - Engineering method (grade 2)	
EN 60204-1 : 2018	Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines - Part 1: General requirements	
EN IEC 61000-6-2 : 2019	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Generic standards. Immunity for industrial environments	
EN IEC 61000-6-4 : 2019	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Generic standards. Emission standard for industrial environments	

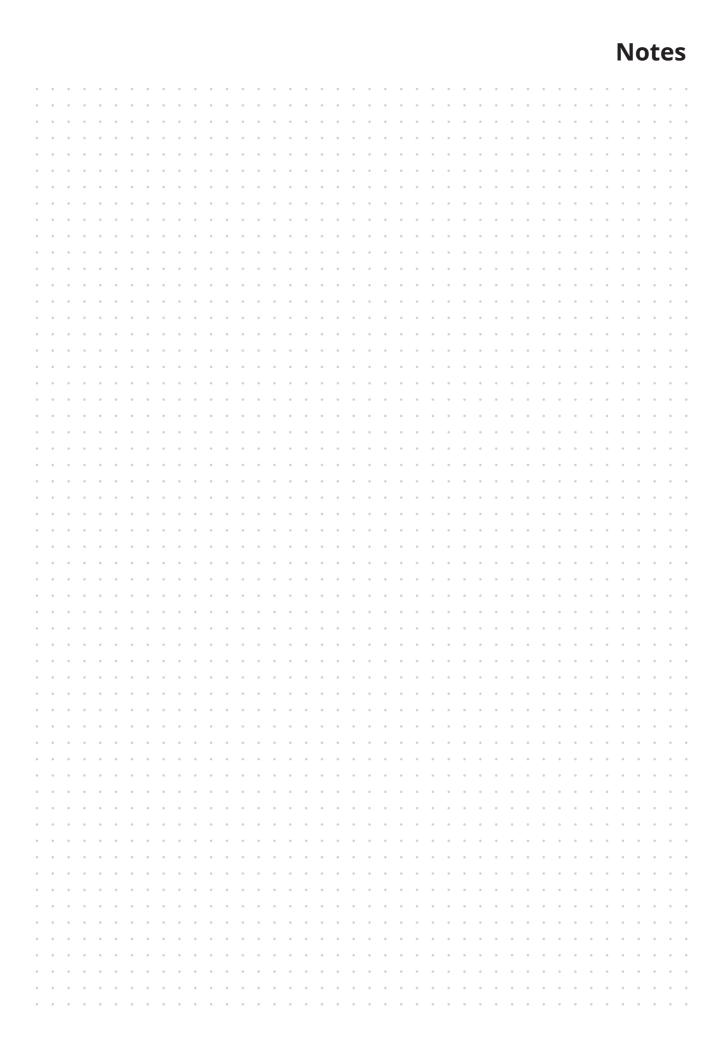
Legal person authorized to compile the technical file and importer in the UK (if the manufacturer is not located in the UK):

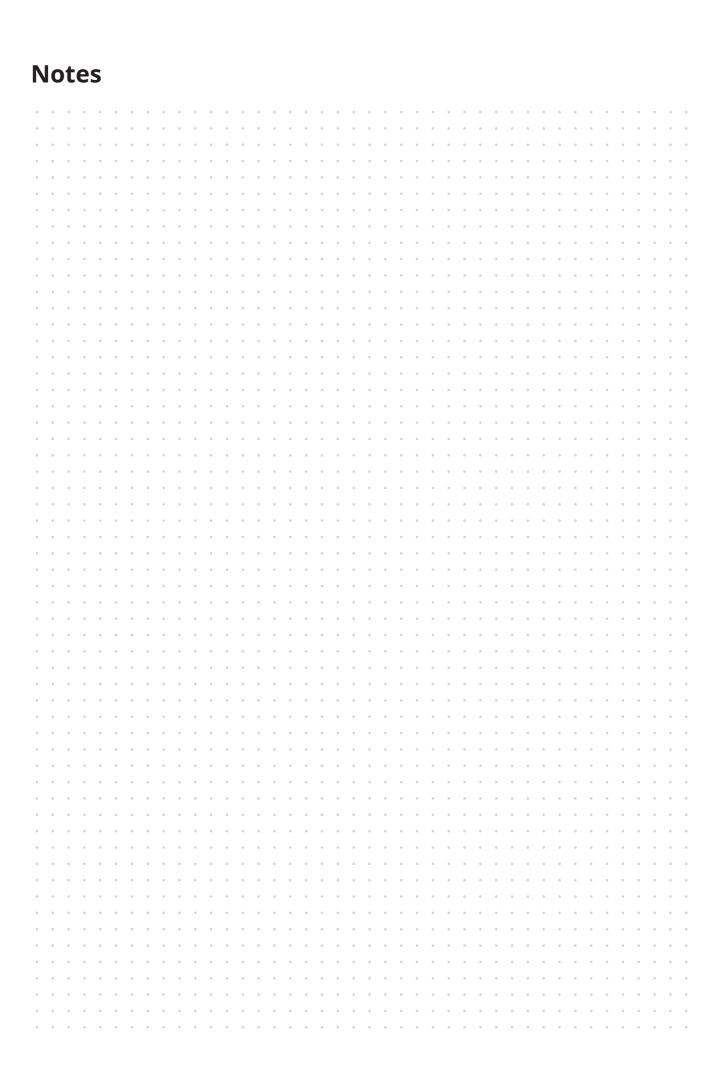
Busch (UK) Ltd 30 Hortonwood Telford - UK

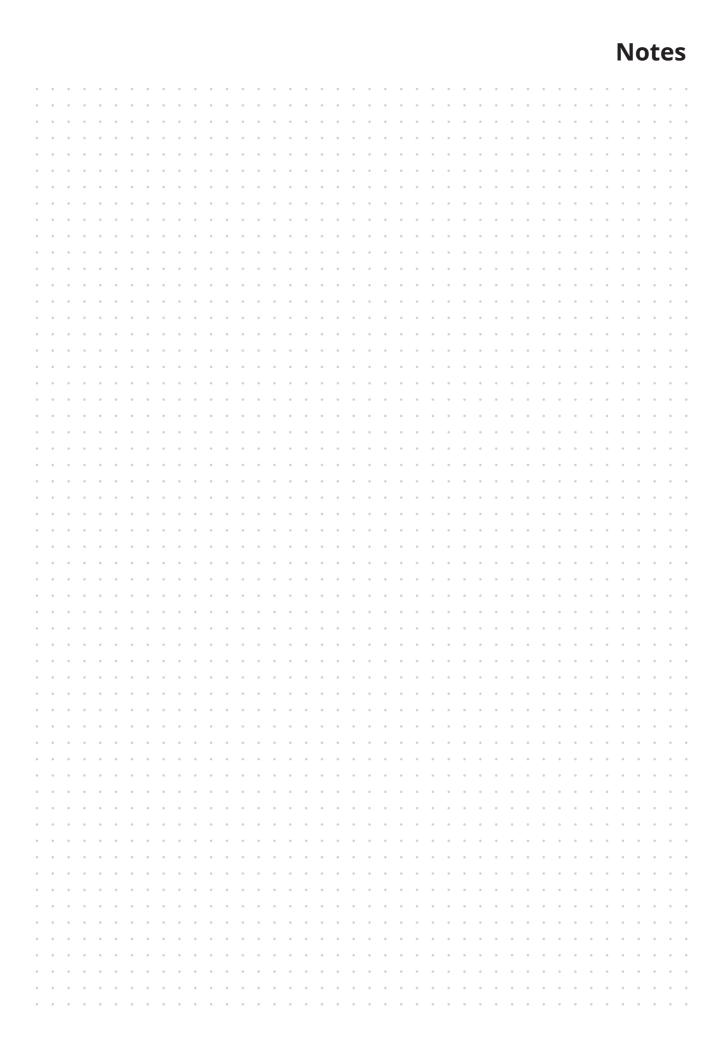
Icheon-si, 01.03.2023

Seung-hwa Yoo, General Director

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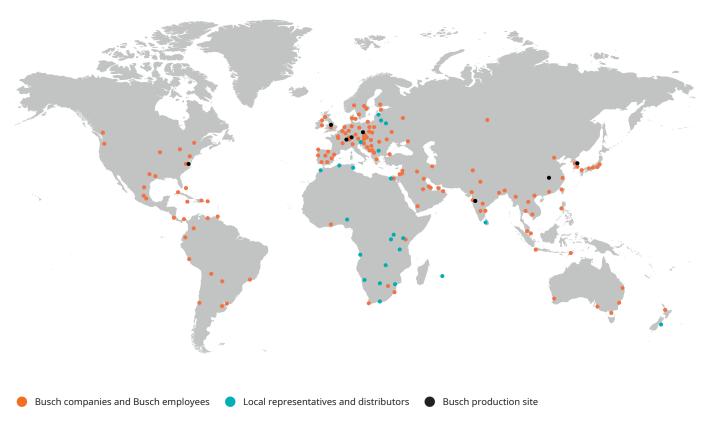






Busch Vacuum Solutions

With a network of over 60 companies in more than 40 countries and agencies worldwide, Busch has a global presence. In every country, highly competent local personnel delivers custom-tailored support backed by a global network of expertise. Wherever you are. Whatever your business. We are there for you.



www.buschvacuum.com