



Vacuum Pumps

MINK MM 1104 BVM; MM 1144 BVM MM 1102 BVM; MM 1142 BVM



VACUUM APP



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Preface

Congratulations on your purchase of the Busch vacuum pump. With watchful observation of the field's requirements, innovation and steady development Busch delivers modern vacuum and pressure solutions worldwide.

These operating instructions contain information for

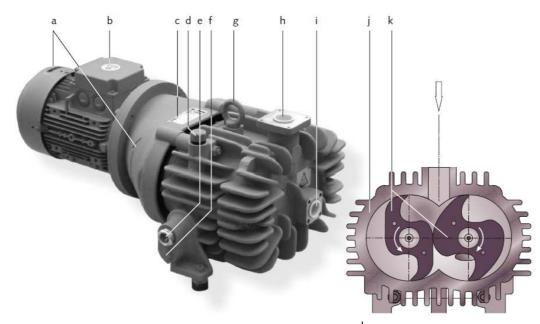
- product description,
- safety,
- transport,
- storage,
- installation and commissioning,
- maintenance,
- overhaul,
- troubleshooting and
- spare parts

of the vacuum pump.

For the purpose of these instructions, "handling" the vacuum pump means the transport, storage, installation, commissioning, influence on operating conditions, maintenance, troubleshooting and overhaul of the vacuum pump.

Prior to handling the vacuum pump these operating instructions shall be read and understood. If anything remains to be clarified please contact your Busch representative!

Keep these operating instructions and, if applicable, other pertinent operating instructions available on site.



- Directional arrows
- b Terminal box
- c Nameplate, vacuum pump
- d Venting valve
- e Oil sight glass
- f Oil drain plug
- g Eye bolt
- h Suction connection
- i Gas discharge
- j Cylinder
- k Rotors

Product Description

Use

The vacuum pump is intended for

the suction

of

air and other dry, non-aggressive, non-toxic and non-explosive gases

Conveying media with a lower or higher density than air leads to an increased thermal and/or mechanical load on the vacuum pump and is permissible only after prior consultation with Busch.

Max. allowed temperature of the inlet gas: 40 ℃

Standard-version:

The gas shall be free from vapours that would condensate under the temperature and pressure conditions inside the vacuum pump.

Version "Aqua":

The vacuum pump features the corrosion protection coating CPC and is capable of conveying water vapour → page 8: Conveying Condensable Vapours). Conveyance of other vapours shall be agreed upon with Busch. Conveyance of water or other liquids in liquid phase increases the power consumption and shall therefore be avoided (risk of drive overload).

The vacuum pump is intended for the placement in a non-potentially explosive environment.

The vacuum pump is thermally suitable for continuous operation (100 percent duty).

Max. permissible number of startings per hour: 12

The vacuum pump is not ultimate pressure proof. Operation with a closed ("blanked") suction line will damage the vacuum pump.

The operation with variable speed, i.e. with a frequency inverter is allowed, as long as the motor is admitted and the permitted motor speed range is neither undercut nor exceeded.

(→ page 16: Technical Data)

The minimum allowed intake pressure is to be read from the nameplate of the vacuum pump. By means of process control and/or vacuum relief valves it must be made sure that the minimum allowed intake pressure will not be underrun.

Principle of Operation

The vacuum pump works on the claw principle.

The components are dimensioned such, that on the one hand there is never contact between the two claws or between a claw and the cylinder, on the other hand the gaps are small enough to keep the clearance loss between the chambers low.

The vacuum pump compresses the inlet gas absolutely oil-free. A lubrication of the pump chamber is neither necessary nor allowed.

Cooling

The vacuum pump is cooled by

- radiation of heat from the surface of the vacuum pump
- the air flow from the fan wheel of the drive motor
- the process gas

Start Controls

The vacuum pump comes without start controls. The control of the vacuum pump is to be provided in the course of installation.

Safety

Intended Use

Definition: For the purpose of these instructions, "handling" the vacuum pump means the transport, storage, installation, commissioning, influence on operating conditions, maintenance, troubleshooting and overhaul of the vacuum.

The vacuum pump is intended for industrial use. It shall be handled only by qualified personnel.

The allowed media and operational limits (→ page 3: Product Description) and the installation prerequisites (→ page 5: Installation Prerequisites) of the vacuum pump shall be observed both by the manufacturer of the machinery into which the vacuum pump is to be incorporated and by the operator.

The maintenance instructions shall be observed.

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Prior to handling the vacuum pump these installation and operating instructions shall be read and understood. If anything remains to be clarified please contact your Busch representative!

Safety Notes

The vacuum pump has been designed and manufactured according to state-of-the-art methods. Nevertheless, residual risks may remain. These operating instructions highlight potential hazards where appropriate. Safety notes are tagged with one of the keywords DANGER, WARNING and CAUTION as follows:



DANGER

Disregard of this safety note will always lead to accidents with fatal or serious injuries.



WARNING

Disregard of this safety note may lead to accidents with fatal or serious injuries.



CAUTION

Disregard of this safety note may lead to accidents with minor injuries or property damage.

Noise Emission

For the sound pressure level in free field according to EN ISO 2151 → page 16: Technical Data.





CAUTION

The vacuum pump emits noise of high intensity in a narrow band.

Risk of damage to the hearing.

Persons staying in the vicinity of a non noise insulated vacuum pump over extended periods shall wear ear protection.

Transport

Transport in Packaging

Packed on a pallet the vacuum pump is to be transported with a forklift.

Transport without Packaging

In case the vacuum pump is packed in a cardboard box with inflated cushions:

Remove the inflated cushions from the box

In case the vacuum pump is packed in a cardboard box cushioned with rolled corrugated cardboard:

Remove the corrugated cardboard from the box

In case the vacuum pump is laid in foam:

Remove the foam

In case the vacuum pump is bolted to a pallet or a base plate:

Remove the bolting between the vacuum pump and the pallet/base plate

In case the vacuum pump is fastened to the pallet by means of tightening straps:

Remove the tightening straps



CAUTION

Do not walk, stand or work under suspended loads.

- Make sure that the eyebolt (g) is in faultless condition (replace a damaged, e.g. bent eyebolt with a new one)
- Make sure that the eye bolt (g) is fully screwed in and tightened by hand
- Attach lifting gear securely to the eyebolt (g) on the synchronising gear

When the vacuum pump is equipped with a very heavy drive motor and would hang very inclined (>10°) on the synchron ising gear evebolt alone:

 Attach lifting gear securely to the eyebolts on the synchronising gear (g) and the drive motor

In case the drive motor comes without an eyebolt or the eyebolt on the drive motor is located at an unfavourable position:

- Loop a belt/rope with suitable length and strength around the flange of the drive motor
- Attach the lifting gear to a crane hook with safety latch
- Lift the vacuum pump with a crane

In case the vacuum pump was bolted to a pallet or a base plate:

Remove the stud bolts from the rubber feet

Storage

Short-term Storage

- Make sure that the suction connection and the gas discharge are closed (leave the provided plugs in)
- Store the vacuum pump
- If possible in original packaging,
- indoors,
- dry,
- dust free and
- vibration free.

Conservation

In case of adverse ambient conditions (e.g. aggressive atmosphere, frequent temperature changes) conserve the vacuum pump immediately. In case of favourable ambient conditions conserve the vacuum pump if a storage of more than 3 months is scheduled.

 Make sure that all ports are firmly closed; seal all ports that are not sealed with PTFE-tape, gaskets or o-rings with adhesive tape

Note: VCI stands for "volatile corrosion inhibitor". VCI-products (film, paper, cardboard, foam) evaporate a substance that condenses in molecular thickness on the packed good and by its electro-chemical properties effectively suppresses corrosion on metallic surfaces. However, VCI-products may attack the surfaces of plastics and elastomers. Seek advice from your local packaging dealer! Busch uses CORTEC VCI 126 R film for the overseas packaging of large equipment.

- Wrap the vacuum pump in VCI film
- Store the vacuum pump

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- If possible in original packaging,
- indoors.
- dry,
- dust free and
- vibration free.

For commissioning after conservation:

- Make sure that all remains of adhesive tape are removed from the ports
- Commission the vacuum pump as described in the chapter Installation and Commissioning (→ page 5)

Installation and Commissioning

Installation prerequisites



CAUTION

In case of non-compliance with the installation prerequisites, particularly in case of insufficient cooling:

Risk of damage or destruction of the vacuum pump and adjoining plant components!

Risk of injury!

The installation prerequisites must be complied with.

 Make sure that the integration of the vacuum pump is carried out such that the essential safety requirements of the Machine Directive 2006/42/EC are complied with (in the responsibility of the designer of the machinery into which the vacuum pump is to be incorporated; → page 15: note in the EU-Declaration of Conformity)

Mounting Position and Space

- Make sure that the environment of the vacuum pump is not potentially explosive
- Make sure that the following ambient conditions will be complied with:
- ambient temperature: 0 ... 40 ℃
- ambient pressure: atmospheric
- Make sure that the environmental conditions comply with the protection class of the drive motor (according to the nameplate)
- Make sure that the vacuum pump will be placed or mounted horizontally
- Make sure that in order to warrant a sufficient cooling there will be a clearance of minimum 1 m between the vacuum pump and nearby walls
- Make sure that no heat sensitive parts (plastics, wood, cardboard, paper, electronics) will touch the surface of the vacuum pump
- Make sure that the installation space or location is vented such that a sufficient cooling of the vacuum pump is warranted





CAUTION

During operation the surface of the vacuum pump may reach temperatures of more than 70 $\mbox{\it C}.$

Risk of burns!

- Make sure that the vacuum pump will not be touched inadvertently during operation, provide a guard if appropriate
- Make sure that the sight glass (e, 76) of the synchronising gear will remain accessible

In case the synchronising gear oil change is planned to be carried out on location:

 Make sure that the drain port (f, 80) and the filling port (d, 72) of the synchronising gear will remain easily accessible

Suction Connection



CAUTION

Intruding foreign objects or liquids can destroy the vacuum pump.

In case the inlet gas can contain dust or other foreign solid particles:

- Make sure that a suitable filter (5 micron or less) is installed upstream the vacuum pump
- Make sure that the suction line fits to the suction connection (h) of the vacuum pump
- Make sure that the gas will be sucked through a vacuum-tight flexible hose or a pipe

In case of using a pipe:

- Make sure that the pipe will cause no stress on the vacuum pump's connection, if necessary use an expansion joint
- Make sure that the line size of the suction line over the entire length is at least as large as the suction connection (h) of the vacuum pump

In case the length of the suction line exceeds 2 m it is prudent to use larger line sizes in order to avoid a loss of efficiency and an overload of the vacuum pump. Seek advice from your Busch representative!

In case the vacuum pump shall be maintained after shutdown of the vacuum pump:

 Provide a manual or automatic operated valve (= nonreturn valve) in the suction line

Version "Aqua", if very humid process gases and/or adverse operating cycles bear the risk, that condensates remain in the vacuum pump:

- Provide a shut-off valve, a drip-leg and a drain cock in the suction line, so that condensates can be drained from the suction line
- Provide a valve for the unthrottled suction of ambient air (ambient air valve) between the shut-off valve and the vacuum pump (in order to dry the vacuum pump after process end)
- Make sure that the suction line does not contain foreign objects, e.g. welding scales

Gas Discharge

The discharged gas must flow without obstruction. It is not permitted to shut off or throttle the discharge line or to use it as a pressurised air source.

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The following guidelines for the discharge line do not apply, if the aspirated air is discharged to the environment right at the vacuum pump

 Make sure that the discharge line fits to the gas discharge (i) of the vacuum pump

In case of using a pipe:

- Make sure that the pipe will cause no stress on the vacuum pump's connection, if necessary use an expansion joint
- Make sure that the line size of the discharge line over the entire length is at least as large as the gas discharge (i) of the vacuum pump

In case the length of the discharge line exceeds 2 m it is prudent to use larger line sizes in order to avoid a loss of efficiency and an overload of the vacuum pump. Seek advice from your Busch representative!

 Make sure that the discharge line either slopes away from the vacuum pump or provide a liquid separator or a drip leg with a drain cock, so that no liquids can back up into the vacuum pump

Electrical Connection / Controls

- Make sure that the stipulations acc. to the EMC-Directive 2004/108/EC and Low-Voltage-Directive 2006/95/EC as well as the EN-standards, electrical and occupational safety directives and the local or national regulations, respectively, are complied with (this is the responsibility of the designer of the machinery into which the vacuum pump is to be incorporated; → page 15: note in the EU-Declaration of Conformity).
- Make sure that the power supply for the drive motor is compatible with the data on the nameplate of the drive motor
- Make sure that an overload protection according to EN 60204-1 is provided for the drive motor
- Make sure that the drive of the vacuum pump will not be affected by electric or electromagnetic disturbance from the mains; if necessary seek advice from the Busch service

In case of mobile installation:

 Provide the electrical connection with grommets that serve as strain-relief

Installation

Mounting

- Make sure that the installation prerequisites (→ page 5) are complied with
- Set down or mount the vacuum pump at its location

Checking Synchronising Gear Oil

The vacuum pump is delivered with oil filled synchronising gear.

The level shall be slightly above the middle of the sight glass (e, 76).

 Check on the sight glass (e, 76) that the proper amount of oil is filled

Connecting Electrically





WARNING

Risk of electrical shock, risk of damage to equipment.

Electrical installation work must only be executed by qualified personnel that knows and observes the following regulations:

- IEC 364 or CENELEC HD 384 or DIN VDE 0100, respectively,
- IEC-Report 664 or DIN VDE 0110,
- BGV A2 (VBG 4) or corresponding national accident prevention regulation.



CAUTION

the specific order or for certain markets deviating connection schemes may apply.

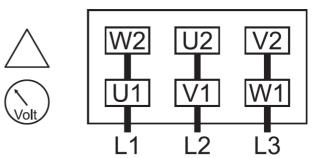
Risk of damage to the drive motor!

The inside of the terminal box shall be checked for drive motor connection instructions/schemes.

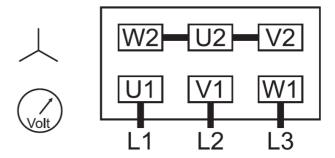
- Electrically connect the drive motor
- Connect the protective earth conductor

Connection Scheme Three-Phase Motor

Delta connection (low voltage):

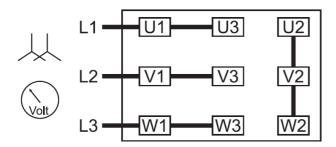


Star connection (high voltage):

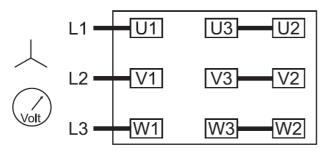


Double star connection, multi-voltage motor with 9 terminals (low voltage):

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Star connection, multi-voltage motor with 9 terminals (high voltage):





CAUTION

Operation in the wrong direction of rotation can destroy the vacuum pump in short time

Prior to starting-up it must be made sure that the vacuum pump is operated in the proper direction (clockwise rotating field).

Version with three-phase motor:

 Determine the intended direction of rotation with the arrow (a) (stuck on or cast)



WARNING

Unprotected suction connection

Risk of injury!

Do not put fingers into the suction connection!

Do not put objects into the suction connection!



WARNING

Unprotected suction connection

Risk of injury!

Do not put fingers into the gas discharge!

Do not put objects into the gas discharge!

- "Bump" the drive motor
- Watch the fan wheel of the drive motor and determine the direction of rotation just before the fan wheel stops

If the rotation must be changed:

 Switch any two of the drive motor wires (three-phase motor)

Connecting Lines/Pipes

- Connect the suction line
- Connect the discharge line

- Make sure that all provided covers, guards, hoods etc. are mounted
- Make sure that the cooling air inlets and outlets are not covered or obstructed and that the cooling air flow is not affected adversely in any other way

Recording of Operational Parameters

As soon as the vacuum pump is operated under normal operating conditions:

 Measure the drive motor current and record it as reference for future maintenance and troubleshooting work

Operating Notes

Use



CAUTION

The vacuum pump is designed for operation under the conditions described below.

In case of disregard risk of damage or destruction of the vacuum pump and adjoining plant components!

Risk of injury!

The vacuum pump must only be operated under the conditions described below.

The vacuum pump is intended for

the suction

of

air and other dry, non-aggressive, non-toxic and non-explosive gases

Conveying media with a lower or higher density than air leads to an increased thermal and/or mechanical load on the vacuum pump and is permissible only after prior consultation with Busch.

Max. allowed temperature of the inlet gas: 40 $^{\circ}$ C

Standard-version:

The gas shall be free from vapours that would condensate under the temperature and pressure conditions inside the vacuum pump.

Version "Aqua":

The vacuum pump features the corrosion protection coating CPC and is capable of conveying water vapour → page 8: Conveying Condensable Vapours). Conveyance of other vapours shall be agreed upon with Busch. Conveyance of water or other liquids in liquid phase increases the power consumption and shall therefore be avoided (risk of drive overload).

The vacuum pump is intended for the placement in a non-potentially explosive environment.

The vacuum pump is thermally suitable for continuous operation (100 percent duty).

Max. permissible number of startings per hour: 12

The vacuum pump is not ultimate pressure proof. Operation with a closed ("blanked") suction line will damage the vacuum pump.

The minimum allowed intake pressure is to be read from the nameplate of the vacuum pump. By means of process control and/or vacuum relief valves it must be made sure that the minimum allowed intake pressure will not be underrun.

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CAUTION

During operation the surface of the vacuum pump may reach temperatures of more than 70 $^{\circ}$ C.

Risk of burns!

The vacuum pump shall be protected against contact during operation, it shall cool down prior to a required contact or heat protection gloves shall be worn.





CAUTION

The vacuum pump emits noise of high intensity in a narrow hand

Risk of damage to the hearing.

Persons staying in the vicinity of a non noise insulated vacuum pump over extended periods shall wear ear protection.

- Make sure that all provided covers, guards, hoods etc. remain mounted
- Make sure that protective devices will not be disabled
- Make sure that cooling air inlets and outlets will not be covered or obstructed and that the cooling air flow will not be affected adversely in any other way
- Make sure that the installation prerequisites (→ page 5: Installation Prerequisites) are complied with and will remain complied with, particularly that a sufficient cooling will be ensured

Conveying Condensables Vapours

Version "Aqua":



CAUTION

Due to the corrosion protection coating CPC the vacuum pump is capable of conveying water vapour.

Very humid process gases and/or adverse operating cycles can lead to residual condensates, though, which cause corrosion.

If this is the case, it is necessary to counteract residual condensates by warming up the vacuum pump, conveyance of ambient air after process end and regular draining of the antipulsation chamber

- ♦ Close the shut-off valve in the suction line
- Warm up the vacuum pump for approx. 10 minutes

At process start:

Open the shut-off valve in the suction line

At the process end:

- Close the shut-off valve in the suction line
- Open the ambient air valve
- Operate the vacuum pump for another approx. 10 minutes
- ♦ Close the ambient air valve
- Regularly drain condensate from the anti-pulsation chamber

Maintenance









DANGER

In case the vacuum pump conveyed gas that was contaminated with foreign materials which are dangerous to health, harmful material can reside in filters.

Danger to health during inspection, cleaning or replacement of filters.

Danger to the environment.

Personal protective equipment must be worn during the handling of contaminated filters.

Contaminated filters are special waste and must be disposed of separately in compliance with applicable regulations.





CAUTION

During operation the surface of the vacuum pump may reach temperatures of more than 70 $\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}.$

Risk of burns!

 Prior to disconnecting connections make sure that the connected pipes/lines are vented to atmospheric pressure

Maintenance Schedule

Note: The maintenance intervals depend very much on the individual operating conditions. The intervals given below shall be considered as starting values which should be shortened or extended as appropriate.

Particularly heavy duty operation, such like high dust loads in the environment or in the process gas, other contaminations or ingress of process material, can make it necessary to shorten the maintenance intervals significantly.

Monthly

 Make sure that the vacuum pump is shut down and locked against inadvertent start up

In case an inlet air filter is installed:

Check the inlet air filter, if necessary replace

In case of operation in a dusty environment:

Clean as described under → page 8: Every 6 Months

Every 3 Months:

- Make sure that the vacuum pump is shut down and locked against inadvertent start up
- Check the level and the colour of the synchronising gear oil

The level shall be slightly above the middle of the sight glass (e, 76).

The level of the synchronising gear should stay constant over the lifetime of the oil. If the level does fall, the gear is leaky and the vacuum pump requires repair (Busch service).

Every 6 Months:

- Make sure that the housing is free from dust and dirt, clean if necessary
- Make sure that the vacuum pump is shut down and locked against inadvertent start up
- Clean the fan cowlings, fan wheels, the ventilation grilles and cooling fins

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Every Year:

 Make sure that the vacuum pump is shut down and locked against inadvertent start up

In case an inlet air filter is installed:

Replace the inlet air filter

In case an inlet screen is installed:

Check the inlet screen, clean if necessary

Every 20000 Operating Hours, At the Latest after 6 Years:

Note: The change interval of 20000 operating hours is valid for Busch approved gear oils only. The change interval depends very much on the operating conditions. Borderline operation may reduce the change interval down to approximately 5000 operating hours or 6 months. Other gear oils may reduce the change interval.

· Change the synchronizing gear oil

Changing Synchronising Gear Oil

- Make sure that the vacuum pump is shut down and locked against inadvertent start up
- Undo the venting valve (d, 72) for venting
- Place a drain tray underneath the drain plug (f, 80)
- Open the drain plug (f, 80) and drain the oil
- Make sure that the seal ring on the drain plug (f, 80) is serviceable, replace if necessary
- Firmly reinsert the drain plug (f, 80) together with the seal ring
- Remove the venting valve (d, 72) completely
- Fill in new gear oil until the level is slightly above the middle of the sight glass (e, 76)
- Make sure that the seal ring on the venting valve (d, 72) is undamaged, if necessary replace the venting valve (d,72)
- Firmly reinsert the venting valve (d, 72) together with the seal ring
- Dispose of the used oil in compliance with applicable regulations

Overhaul



CAUTION

In order to achieve best efficiency and a long life the vacuum pump was assembled and adjusted with precisely defined tolerances.

This adjustment will be lost during dismantling of the vacuum pump.

It is therefore strictly recommended that any dismantling of the vacuum pump that is beyond of what is described in this manual shall be done by Busch service.











In case the vacuum pump conveyed gas that was contaminated with foreign materials which are dangerous to health, harmful material can reside in pores, gaps and internal spaces of the vacuum pump.

Danger to health during dismantling of the vacuum pump.

Danger to the environment.

Prior to shipping the vacuum pump shall be decontaminated as good as possible and the contamination status shall be stated in a "Declaration of Contamination" (form downloadable from www.buschvacuum.com).

Busch service will only accept vacuum pumps that come with a completely filled in and legally binding signed "Declaration of Contamination" (form downloadable from www.buschvacuum.com).

Removal from Service

Temporary Removal from Service

 Prior disconnecting pipes/lines make sure that all pipes/lines are vented to atmospheric pressure

Recommissioning

 Observe the chapter Installation and Commissioning (→ page 5)

Dismantling and Disposal











DANGER

In case the vacuum pump conveyed gas that was contaminated with foreign materials which are dangerous to health, harmful material can reside in pores, gaps and internal spaces of the vacuum pump.

Danger to health during dismantling of the vacuum pump.

Danger to the environment.

During dismantling of the vacuum pump personal protective equipment must be worn.

The vacuum pump must be decontaminated prior to disposal.

- Drain the oil
- Make sure that materials and components to be treated as special waste have been separated from the vacuum pump
- Make sure that the vacuum pump is not contaminated with harmful foreign material

According to the best knowledge at the time of printing of this manual the materials used for the manufacture of the vacuum pump involve no risk.

- Dispose of the used oil in compliance with applicable regulations
- Dispose of the vacuum pump as scrap metal

Troubleshooting





WARNING

Risk of electrical shock, risk of damage to equipment.

Electrical installation work must only be executed by qualified personnel that knows and observes the following regulations: - IEC 364 or CENELEC HD 384 or DIN VDE 0100, respectively,

- IEC-Report 664 or DIN VDE 0110,
- BGV A2 (VBG 4) or corresponding national accident prevention regulation.





CAUTION

During operation the surface of the vacuum pump may reach temperatures of more than 70 ℃.

Risk of burns!

Let the vacuum pump cool down prior to a required contact or wear heat protection gloves.

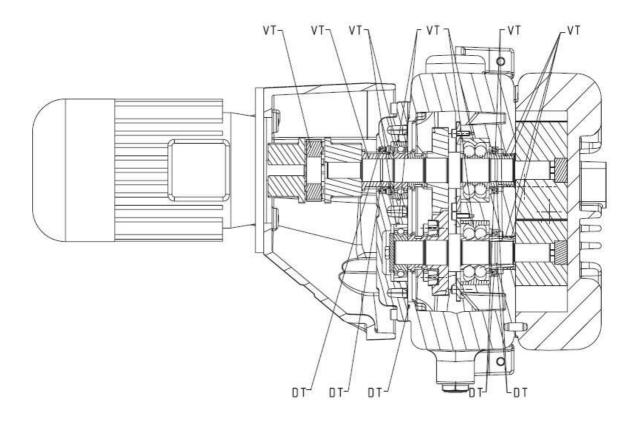
Problem	Possible Cause	Remedy				
The vacuum pump does not reach the usual pressure	The vacuum system or suction line is not leak-tight	Check the hose or pipe connections for possible leak				
The drive motor draws a too high current (compare with initial value after commissioning)						
Evacuation of the system takes too long						
	In case a vacuum relief valve/regulating system is installed:	Adjust, repair or replace, respectively				
	The vacuum relief valve/regulating system is misadjusted or defective					
	In case a screen is installed in the suction	Clean the screen				
	connection (h):	If cleaning is required too frequently install a				
	The screen in the suction connection (h) is partially clogged	filter upstream				
	In case a filter is installed on the suction connection (h):	Clean or replace the inlet air filter, respectively				
	The filter on the suction connection (h) is partially clogged					
	Partial clogging in the suction, discharge or pressure line	Remove the clogging				
	Long suction, discharge or pressure line with too small diameter	Use larger diameter				
	The valve disk of the inlet non-return valve is stuck in closed or partially open position	Disassemble the inlet, clean the screen (715) and the valve (r, 714) as required and reassemble				
	Internal parts are worn or damaged	Repair the vacuum pump (Busch service)				
The gas conveyed by the vacuum pump smells displeasing	Process components evaporating under vacuum	Check the process, if applicable				
The vacuum pump does not start	The drive motor is not supplied with the correct voltage or is overloaded	Supply the drive motor with the correct voltage				
	The drive motor starter overload protection is too small or trip level is too low	Compare the trip level of the drive motor starter overload protection with the data on the nameplate, correct if necessary				
		In case of high ambient temperature: set the trip level of the drive motor starter overload protection 5 percent above the nominal drive motor current				
	One of the fuses has blown	Check the fuses				

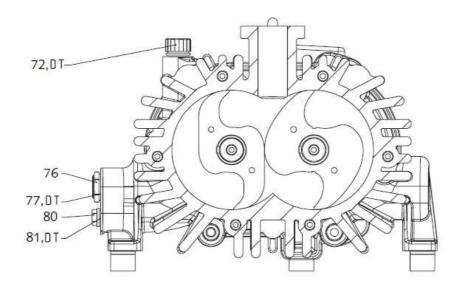
	Observe the permitted ambient temperatures				
	ventilation grilles and the cooling fins Install the vacuum pump in a narrow space				
Insufficient air ventilation	Make sure that the cooling of the vacuum pump is not impended by dust/dirt Clean the fan cowlings, the fan wheels, the				
Synchronising gear damaged due to operation with low oil level	Repair the vacuum pump (Busch service)				
	Repair the vacuum pump (Busch service)				
Low oil level in the synchronising gear	The synchronising gear is leaky				
Worn coupling element	Replace the coupling element				
Defective bearings	Repair the vacuum pump (Busch service)				
Stuck bearings					
Foreign objects in the vacuum pump	Repair the vacuum pump (Busch service)				
The vacuum pump runs in the wrong direction	Installation and Commissioning				
Version with three-phase motor:	Verification and rectification → page 5:				
The drive motor operates on two phases only					
Not all drive motors coils are properly connected	Tighten or replace loose connections				
Version with three-phase motor:	(particularly on motors with six coils)				
Loose connection(s) in the drive motor terminal box	Check the proper connection of the wires against the connection diagram				
The coupling between the drive motor and the vacuum pump is defective	Replace the coupling element				
The vacuum pump was run in the wrong direction	When connecting the vacuum pump make sure the vacuum pump will run in the correct direction (→ page 6 Installation)				
·	Repair the vacuum pump (Busch service)				
	Observe the chapter Conveying Condensable Vapours (→ page 8)				
	Check the process				
Corrosion in the vacuum pump from remaining condensate	Repair the vacuum pump (Busch service)				
Occupation to the	If necessary additionally provide a filter				
	Make sure the suction line is equipped with a screen				
Solid foreign matter has entered the vacuum pump	Repair the vacuum pump (Busch service)				
The drive motor is defective	Replace the drive motor (Busch service)				
	Repair the vacuum pump (Busch service)				
	If the vacuum pump is blocked:				
	If the unit is still frozen: remove the drive motor and check the drive motor and the vacuum pump separately				
	Try to turn the drive motor with the vacuum pump by hand				
	Remove the fan cover				
blocked	the power supply				
	Make sure the drive motor is connected from				
	The drive motor is defective Solid foreign matter has entered the vacuum pump Corrosion in the vacuum pump from remaining condensate Version with three-phase motor: The vacuum pump was run in the wrong direction The coupling between the drive motor and the vacuum pump is defective Loose connection(s) in the drive motor terminal box Version with three-phase motor: Not all drive motors coils are properly connected The drive motor operates on two phases only Version with three-phase motor: The vacuum pump runs in the wrong direction Foreign objects in the vacuum pump Stuck bearings Defective bearings Worn coupling element Low oil level in the synchronising gear Synchronising gear damaged due to operation with low oil level				

MM 1104 BVM; MM 1144 BVM; MM 1102 BVM; MM 1142 BVM

	-
Temperature of the inlet gas too high	Observe the permitted temperatures for the inlet gas
Insufficient gas transfer	Provide a vacuum relief valve
Mains frequency or voltage outside tolerance range	Provide a more stable power supply
In case a vacuum relief valve/regulating system is installed:	Adjust, repair or replace, respectively
The vacuum relief valve/regulating system is misadjusted or defective	
Partial clogging of filters or screens	Remove the clogging
Partial clogging in the suction, discharge or pressure line	
Long suction, discharge or pressure line with too small diameter	Use larger diameter

Sectional Drawing





MM 1104 BVM; MM 1144 BVM; MM 1102 BVM; MM 1142 BVM

Spare Parts

Note: When ordering spare parts or accessories acc. to the table below please always quote the type ("Type") and the serial no. ("No") of the vacuum pump. This will allow Busch service to check if the vacuum pump is compatible with a modified or improved part.

The exclusive use of the genuine spare parts and consumables is a prerequisite for the proper function of the vacuum pump and for the granting of warranty, guarantee or goodwill.

Your point of contact for service and spare parts in the United Kingdom:

Busch (UK) Ltd. Hortonwood 30-35 Telford Shropshire TF1 7YB

Tel: 01952 677 432 Fax: 01952 677 423

Your point of contact for service and spare parts in Ireland:

Busch Ireland Ltd.

A10-11 Howth Junction Business Centre

Kilbarrack, Dublin 5

Tel: +353 (0)1 8321466 Fax: +353 (0)1 8321470

Your point of contact for service and spare parts in the USA:

Busch Inc. 516-B Viking Drive Virginia Beach, VA 23452

Tel: 1-800-USA-PUMP (872-7867)

Your point of contact for service and spare parts in Canada:

Busch Vacuum Technics Inc. 1740, Boulevard Lionel Bertrand Boisbriand (Montréal)

Québec J7H 1N7 Tel: 450 435 6899 Fax: 450 430 5132

Your point of contact for service and spare parts in Australia:

Busch Australia Pty. Ltd. 30 Lakeside Drive Broadmeadows, Vic. 3047 Tel: (03) 93 55 06 00 Fax: (03) 93 55 06 99

Your point of contact for service and spare parts in New Zealand:

Busch New Zealand Ltd. Unit D, Arrenway Drive Albany, Auckland 1311 P O Box 302696

North Harbour, Auckland 1330 Tel: 0-9-414 7782 Fax: 0-9-414 7783

Find the list of Busch companies all over the world (by the time of the publication of these installation and operating instructions) on → page 20 (rear cover page).

Find the up-to-date list of Busch companies and agencies all over the world on the internet at **www.buschvacuum.com**.

Pos.	Part	Qty	Part no.
72	Venting valve (=oil fill plug) with seal ring	1	0543 138 026
76	Sight glass	1	0583 000 001
77	Seal ring for sight glass	1	0480 000 271
80	Plug with magnet and seal ring	1	0415 134 870
81	Seal ring for plug with magnet	1	0482 137 352

Spare parts Kits

Spare parts kit	Part no.
Overhaul kit (incl. set of seals, marking "VT" and "DT")	0993 153 599
Set of seals (marking "DT")	0990 153 597

Oil

Denomination	VS150
ISO-VG	150
Base	PAO
Density [g/cm³]	0.846
Kinematic viscosity at 40 ℃ [mm²/s]	150
Kinematic viscosity at 100 ℃ [mm²/s]	19.8
Flashpoint [℃]	236
Pourpoint [℃]	-54
Part number 1 I packaging	0831 164 883
Part number 5 I packaging	0831 164 884
Filling quantity, approx. [l]	0.85

EU Declaration of Conformity

This Declaration of Conformity and the CE-mark affixed to the nameplate are valid for the machine within the Busch scope of delivery. This Declaration of Conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer. When this machine is integrated into a superordinate machinery the manufacturer of the superordinate machinery (this can be the operating company, too) must conduct the conformity assessment process for the superordinate machine or plant, issue the Declaration of Conformity for it and affix the CE-mark.

The manufacturer

Busch Produktions GmbH Schauinslandstr. 1 DE-79689 Maulburg

declares that the machine(s) MM 1104 BVM; MM 1144 BVM; MM 1102 BVM; MM 1142 BVM fulfil(s) all the relevant provisions from European directives:

- 'Machinery' 2006/42/EC
- 'Electromagnetic Compatibility' 2014/30/EU
- 'RoHS' 2011/65/EU Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (incl. all related applicable amendments)

and comply(-ies) with the following designated standards that have been used to fulfil those provisions:

Standard	Title of the Standard
EN ISO 12100 : 2010	Safety of machinery - Basic concepts, general principles of design
EN ISO 13857 : 2019	Safety of machinery - Safety distances to prevent hazard zones being reached by the upper and lower limbs
EN 1012-1 : 2010 EN 1012-2 : 1996 + A1 : 2009	Compressors and vacuum pumps - Safety requirements - Part 1 and Part 2
EN ISO 2151 : 2008	Acoustics - Noise test code for compressors and vacuum pumps - Engineering method (grade 2)
EN 60204-1 : 2018	Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines - Part 1: General requirements
EN IEC 61000-6-2 : 2019	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Generic standards. Immunity for industrial environments
EN IEC 61000-6-4 : 2019	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Generic standards. Emission standard for industrial environments
EN ISO 13849-1 : 2015 (1)	Safety of machinery - Safety-related parts of control systems - Part 1: General principles for design

⁽¹⁾ In case control systems are integrated.

Legal person authorized to compile the technical file and authorized representative in the EU (if the manufacturer is not located in the EU): Busch Dienste GmbH Schauinslandstr. 1 DE-79689 Maulburg

Maulburg, 14.05.2021

Dr. Martin Gutmann General Manager

Busch Produktions GmbH

UK Declaration of Conformity

This Declaration of Conformity and the UKCA-mark affixed to the nameplate are valid for the machine within the Busch scope of delivery. This Declaration of Conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer. When this machine is integrated into a superordinate machinery the manufacturer of the superordinate machinery (this can be the operating company, too) must conduct the conformity assessment process for the superordinate machine or plant, issue the Declaration of Conformity for it and affix the UKCA-mark.

The manufacturer

Busch Produktions GmbH Schauinslandstr. 1 DE-79689 Maulburg

declares that the machine(s) MM 1104 BVM; MM 1144 BVM; MM 1102 BVM; MM 1142 BVM fulfil(s) all the relevant provisions from UK legislations:

- Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008
- Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016
- Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment Regulations 2012
 and comply(-ies) with the following designated standards that have been used to fulfil those provisions:

Standard	Title of the Standard
BS EN ISO 12100 : 2010	Safety of machinery. Basic concepts, general principles of design. Risk assessment and risk reduction.
BS EN ISO 13857 : 2019	Safety of machinery - Safety distances to prevent hazard zones being reached by the upper and lower limbs.
BS EN 1012-1 : 2010 BS EN 1012-2 : 1996 + A1 : 2009	Compressors and vacuum pumps. Safety requirements. Air compressors and vacuum pumps.
BS EN ISO 2151 : 2008	Acoustics - Noise test code for compressors and vacuum pumps - Engineering method (grade 2)
BS EN 60204-1 : 2018	Safety of machinery. Electrical equipment of machines. General requirements.
BS EN IEC 61000-6-2 : 2019	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Generic standards. Immunity standard for industrial environments.
BS EN IEC 61000-6-4 : 2019	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Generic standards. Emission standard for industrial environments.
BS EN ISO 13849-1 : 2015 (1)	Safety of machinery. Safety-related parts of control systems. General principles for design.

⁽¹⁾ In case control systems are integrated.

Legal person authorized to compile the technical file and importer in the UK (if the manufacturer is not located in the UK):

Busch (UK) Ltd 30 Hortonwood Telford - UK

Maulburg, 14.05.2021

Dr. Martin Gutmann General Manager

Busch Produktions GmbH

Technical Data

For motor connection parameters see nameplate

		ersion	dna"								ex-works		
Туре	Frequency [Hz]	Ultimate pressure standard version [hPa abs = mbar abs]	Ultimate pressure version "Aqua" [hPa abs = mbar abs]	Nominal motor rating [kW]	Permitted motor speed range [min ⁻¹]	Nominal suction capacity [m³/h]	Weight [kg]	Ambient temperature range $[\mathfrak{C}]$	Ambient pressure	Synchronising gear oil qty [l]	Synchronising gear oil filled ex-works		
				1.3			~130	1		3	0,		
MM 1104 BVM	50			1.5	_	62	~140						
	60	-		1.7	600 - 1800	75							
	50			1.8	- 009	70	~135						
MM 1144 BVM	50		late	2.2	9	9	9	78	~145		ric		late
	60		see nameplate	2.4		96		0 40	atmospheric	0.85	see nameplate		
	50		e na	2.8		405	~125	0	tmos	0	e na		
MM 1102 BVM	50		Se	3.0	0	105	~140		B		se		
	60			3.5	360	135							
				3.5	009ε - 009		~135						
MM 1142 BVM	50				9	140	~150						
	60			4.8		175							

MM 1104 BVM; MM 1144 BVM; MM 1102 BVM

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